



## The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited

### Rating Report

## The Hub Power Company Limited

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#### Rating History

Dissemination Date	Long Term Rating	Short Term Rating	Outlook	Action	Rating Watch
20-Jun-2024	AA+	A1+	Stable	Maintain	-
21-Jun-2023	AA+	A1+	Stable	Maintain	-
21-Jun-2022	AA+	A1+	Stable	Maintain	-
21-Jun-2021	AA+	A1+	Stable	Maintain	-
29-Jun-2020	AA+	A1+	Stable	Maintain	-
27-Dec-2019	AA+	A1+	Stable	Maintain	-
27-Jun-2019	AA+	A1+	Stable	Maintain	-
27-Dec-2018	AA+	A1+	Stable	Maintain	-
29-Jun-2018	AA+	A1+	Stable	Maintain	-

#### Rating Rationale and Key Rating Drivers

The rating reflects the holding company character of HUBCO with an exclusive focus on the different dimension of the energy sector. HUBCO itself is a 1,292MW RFO based power plant situated at Mouza Kund, Hub in Balochistan. With its investment in Narowal Energy Limited, Laraib Energy Limited, China Power Hub Generation Company, Thar Energy Limited and Thal Nova Power Thar Ltd, the Group has an established footprint in the power generation sector. Hub Power Services Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of HUBCO that provides Operation and Maintenance (O&M) services to its existing power plants. In addition, the Company also holds 49% stake in China Power Hub Operating Company (Pvt) Limited, a joint venture with China Power International Maintenance Engineering Company Limited, to provide O&M to the Super Critical Coal Power Plant at Hub. The Company also holds a minority stake of 8% in Sindh Engro Coal Mining Company which has established a coal mining facility at Thar and is expanding the annual capacity. Prime international Oil and Gas Company (50% owned by Hub Power Holdings Ltd) has acquired all upstream operations and assets of ENI Pakistan under a J.V with ENI's local employees. The company aims at expanding its operations in oil & gas exploration, water desalination and renewable energy through this strategic investment along with acquiring further stake of 9.5% in SECMC. Generation from Hub plant generation has declined over the reporting period with 9MFY24 Net Electrical Output recorded at 0 GWh (9MFY23: 205GWh) with a load factor of 0% while meeting its availability benchmark. The fall in generation represents lower demand from CPPA-G as a result of governments increasing preference for more cost-effective power generation options. During 9MFY24, the Company reported Net Revenue from Capacity invoices along with Late Payment Surcharge of PKR ~30,669mln. The Company's profitability is supplemented from dividend from subsidiaries and income from management services provided to TEL and TNPTL accumulating to approx. PKR 9.5bln for the nine-month period ended on March 2024. Although HUBCO has a moderately leveraged structure to support its working capital requirements and investments in subsidiaries, but its strong cash flows and group's financial strength are robust to provide any assistance to the Company.

The strong operating history along with the groups strength which is evident from the strategic investment portfolio contributes towards the assigned rating. Furthermore, the outstanding trade debts are guaranteed by the GoP providing further support. Moreover, the profitability of the Company is further supplemented by dividend income received from its subsidiaries

#### Disclosure

<b>Name of Rated Entity</b>	The Hub Power Company Limited
<b>Type of Relationship</b>	Solicited
<b>Purpose of the Rating</b>	Entity Rating
<b>Applicable Criteria</b>	Methodology   Corporate Rating(Jul-23),Methodology   Correlation Between Long-term & Short-term Rating Scales(Jul-23),Methodology   Rating Modifiers(Apr-24)
<b>Related Research</b>	Sector Study   Power(Jan-24)
<b>Rating Analysts</b>	Hashim Yazdani   hashim.yazdani@pacra.com   +92-42-35869504

## Profile

**Plant** The Hub Power Company Limited (Hub Power) consists of four generating units, each comprises of 323 MW gross outputs, with an oil-fired single re-heat boiler. The plant is situated at the Hub River estuary, Baluchistan. The plant achieved its commercial operations in March 1997.

**Tariff** As per the Merit Order List issued by NTDC for the Month of May 2024, HUBCO's generation tariff stands at PKR 40.22990/kWh.

**Return On Project** The policy IRR of Hub Power, as agreed with NEPRA is 12%.

## Ownership

**Ownership Structure** Mega Conglomerate holds the majority stake in HUBCO of 19.48% of the total ownership. Other institutions include Fauji Foundation (8.5%), Allied bank (2.73%) and National Bank (2.22%). The remaining shareholding is held by various Financial Institutions, Insurance Companies, Joint Stock Companies, Modaraba/Mutual Fund & Leasing Companies and general public.

**Stability** Stability in the IPPs is drawn from the agreements signed between the company and power purchaser. However, sponsors association with Mega Conglomerate and Fauji Foundation group will continue to provide comfort.

**Business Acumen** Mega Conglomerate Private Limited (MCPL) is a holding company and is associated with Mega and Forbes Group of Companies, an established group with presence in Logistics, Dairy Food and Beverages, Energy, Construction and Real Estate, Aviation and Digital Finance.

**Financial Strength** Mega Conglomerate has a strong financial position with diversified business portfolio.

## Governance

**Board Structure** Overall control of the company vests in a nine-member board of directors (BoD). The BoD comprises 3 nominees from Mega Conglomerate, 1 nominee each of NIT and Fauji Foundation. 1 member represent the Government of Balochistan along with 2 independent directors.

**Members' Profile** Mr. Habibullah Khan is the chairman of the board. Simultaneously, he is also the Founder and Chairman of Mega Conglomerate – Mega & Forbes Group of Companies. Remaining members also hold positions on the board of different companies belonging to diverse sectors including Foods, Cement, Container Terminals and have commendable experience in fields like Investments, Law, Real Estate, Architecture, Infrastructure Project Development and Strategy.

**Board Effectiveness** For effective oversight of the matters the board has formed two committees. (i) Board Audit Committee (ii) Board Nomination & Compensation Committee. The board and its committees conducts regular meetings throughout the year to fulfill its oversight responsibilities.

**Financial Transparency** A. F. Ferguson & Co is the external auditor of the company. Being a listed entity, the Company has to comply with the code of corporate governance which ensures its strong financial transparency.

## Management

**Organizational Structure** HUBCO deploys a comprehensive organizational structure as compared to other IPPs. Eight functions including Finance, Commercial, HR Corporate Communications and Digitalization, Internal Audit, Operations, Legal, Strategy and Regulatory, New Ventures report directly to the CEO. Furthermore, the CEO of TEL and TNPTL also reports to the CEO of HUBCO who reports to the BoD.

**Management Team** The Senior Management consists of professionals having experience in the relevant fields. Mr. Kamran Kamal is the CEO of the Company and has been associated with the Group for about eight years. He has experience in several different areas including strategy, wholesale electricity market reforms, electricity derivatives, energy technology evaluation and large-scale infrastructure project structuring. He is simultaneously Chairman and CEO of LEL and NEL along with CEO of HPHL and HPSL.

**Effectiveness** Hub Power management effectiveness plays a significant role in empowering the organization through positive results, which has made decision making process systematic.

**Control Environment** Hub Power has in place an efficient MIS reporting system for its operations. The system generates real-time plant production data, enabling efficient monitoring and timely decision making.

## Operational Risk

**Power Purchase Agreement** Hub Power's key source of earnings is the revenue generated through sale of electricity to the power purchaser, CPPA-G. Under the signed PPA, the plant will generate and supply electricity for 30 years. The PPA is valid till 2027.

**Operation And Maintenance** HUBCO has established a wholly owned subsidiary – Hub Power Services Limited (HPSL) – incorporated in 2015 to manage the O&M of the plant. HPSL also manages O&M of the groups other plant assets.

**Resource Risk** Pakistan State Oil (PSO) is responsible for supplying RFO under the Fuel Supply Agreement (FSA) for 30 years. Failure to do so will result in Liquidated Damages to PSO.

**Insurance Cover** Hub Power has adequate insurance coverage for property damage and business interruption. The insured values for damages include a property damage cover (up to USD 1,383mln) & business interruption cover (up to USD 310mln).

## Performance Risk

**Industry Dynamics** As on June 30,2023 the installed capacity within CPPAG system stood at 42,362MW which is distributed amongst various sources including thermal (60%), Hydroelectric (25%), Wind (4%), Solar (1%), Biomass (1%) and Nuclear (9%). Total electricity generated in the country during FY23 amounted to 138,029 GWh (FY22: 154,056 GWh). The fall in consumption is a result of declining economic activity and slowdown in the industrial and commercial operations. The high cost of electricity for consumers has also negatively impacted the consumption patterns of households.

**Generation** The Net Electrical Output during 9MFY24 stood at 0 GWh due to the electricity demand being met from other cheaper sources.

**Performance Benchmark** During the nine month period ended on March 2024, the plant met its performance benchmark of availability and efficiency as agreed in the PPA.

## Financial Risk

**Financing Structure Analysis** The total project cost of HUBCO plant was USD 1.5bln which was financed with 80% foreign debt and 20% equity injection by the sponsors. The project debt was timely repaid.

**Liquidity Profile** HUBCO's receivables stood at PKR 65,972mln as at Mar'24 out of which ~86% are overdue but not impaired because the trade debts are secured by a guarantee of GOP. IPPs in the local market suffer from payment discipline of the power purchaser. This has led to significant volatility in payment to IPPs by the power purchaser resulting in limited cash available for the IPPs to procure fuel for operations

**Working Capital Financing** Increased delay in payments by CPPA-G has caused HUBCO's receivable days to clock in at 540 days (June'23: 484 days). The Company manages its payable days resulting in Net Working Capital Days of 296 days as of March 2024. (June 2023: 294 days). The company has been meeting its working capital requirements through internally generated cash and short-term borrowings including Sukuks and running finance facilities.

**Cash Flow Analysis** The coverages of the company witnessed stability (FCFO/Finance Cost: Mar'24: 2.8x; FY23: 3.4x). The Company's FCFO for 9MFY24 stood at PKR 21,709mln. The finance cost relating to working capital financing is met through internal cash generation. Simultaneously, the Company's operating cashflow are further supplemented by Dividend received and Income from management subsidiaries provided to subsidiaries of PKR 9,884mln during the nine-month period ended March 2024.

**Capitalization** As of March 2024, the Company's leveraging stood at 42.7% (June 2023: 45.0%) which depicts borrowings relating to equity investments made in associates.



The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited

Financial Summary

PKR mln

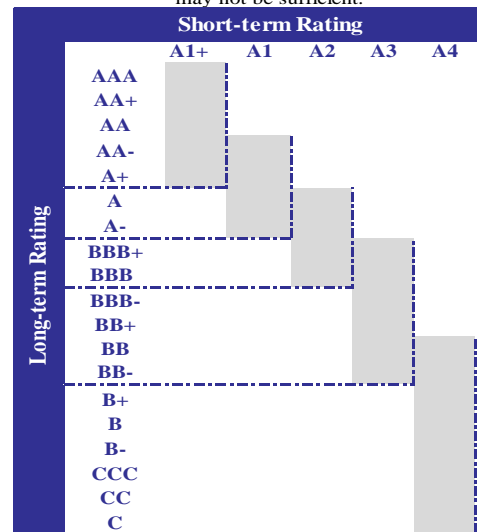
The Hub Power Company Limited Power	Mar-24 9M	Jun-23 12M	Jun-22 12M	Jun-21 12M
<b>A BALANCE SHEET</b>				
1 Non-Current Assets	5,412	6,775	8,325	10,285
2 Investments	-	-	-	-
3 Related Party Exposure	67,609	73,670	67,992	62,395
4 Current Assets	84,898	71,378	77,692	87,328
<i>a Inventories</i>	2,264	2,253	1,831	2,806
<i>b Trade Receivables</i>	65,972	55,084	62,919	72,206
5 Total Assets	157,919	151,823	154,008	160,007
6 Current Liabilities	45,809	40,025	34,312	42,722
<i>a Trade Payables</i>	31,747	27,529	22,743	34,496
7 Borrowings	47,896	50,342	58,208	62,360
8 Related Party Exposure	-	-	-	-
9 Non-Current Liabilities	-	-	-	-
10 Net Assets	64,215	61,455	61,488	54,924
11 Shareholders' Equity	64,215	61,455	61,488	54,924
<b>B INCOME STATEMENT</b>				
1 Sales	30,669	44,516	62,544	32,292
<i>a Cost of Good Sold</i>	(8,831)	(18,875)	(39,140)	(11,897)
2 Gross Profit	21,838	25,641	23,404	20,395
<i>a Operating Expenses</i>	(953)	(767)	(559)	(789)
3 Operating Profit	20,884	24,874	22,845	19,606
<i>a Non Operating Income or (Expense)</i>	9,717	15,926	6,429	8,741
4 Profit or (Loss) before Interest and Tax	30,602	40,800	29,275	28,347
<i>a Total Finance Cost</i>	(8,226)	(8,680)	(6,552)	(5,772)
<i>b Taxation</i>	(417)	(1,178)	(1,594)	(1,141)
6 Net Income Or (Loss)	21,958	30,942	21,128	21,434
<b>C CASH FLOW STATEMENT</b>				
<i>a Free Cash Flows from Operations (FCFO)</i>	21,709	27,579	28,330	24,738
<i>b Net Cash from Operating Activities before Working Capital Changes</i>	13,462	19,894	22,546	19,298
<i>c Changes in Working Capital</i>	(5,954)	11,744	(1,531)	(12,117)
1 Net Cash provided by Operating Activities	7,508	31,638	21,015	7,181
2 Net Cash (Used in) or Available From Investing Activities	10,657	8,097	(1,889)	4,223
3 Net Cash (Used in) or Available From Financing Activities	(17,273)	(39,096)	(19,038)	(11,614)
4 Net Cash generated or (Used) during the period	892	639	88	(211)
<b>D RATIO ANALYSIS</b>				
1 Performance				
<i>a Sales Growth (for the period)</i>	-8.1%	-28.8%	93.7%	N/A
<i>b Gross Profit Margin</i>	71.2%	57.6%	37.4%	63.2%
<i>c Net Profit Margin</i>	71.6%	69.5%	33.8%	66.4%
<i>d Cash Conversion Efficiency (FCFO adjusted for Working Capital/Sales)</i>	51.4%	88.3%	42.8%	39.1%
<i>e Return on Equity [ Net Profit Margin * Asset Turnover *(Total Assets/Shareholders' Equity) ]</i>	46.5%	50.0%	33.7%	39.0%
2 Working Capital Management				
<i>a Gross Working Capital (Average Days)</i>	560	501	408	848
<i>b Net Working Capital (Average Days)</i>	296	294	241	458
<i>c Current Ratio (Current Assets / Current Liabilities)</i>	1.9	1.8	2.3	2.0
3 Coverages				
<i>a EBITDA / Finance Cost</i>	2.8	3.4	4.7	4.7
<i>b FCFO / Finance Cost+CMLTB+Excess STB</i>	1.9	1.6	1.8	2.5
<i>c Debt Payback (Total Borrowings+Excess STB) / (FCFO-Finance Cost)</i>	0.9	1.2	1.4	1.8
4 Capital Structure				
<i>a Total Borrowings / (Total Borrowings+Shareholders' Equity)</i>	42.7%	45.0%	48.6%	53.2%
<i>b Interest or Markup Payable (Days)</i>	31.9	58.3	51.5	43.4
<i>c Entity Average Borrowing Rate</i>	21.2%	15.2%	10.1%	8.5%

### Credit Rating

Credit rating reflects forward-looking opinion on credit worthiness of underlying entity or instrument; more specifically it covers relative ability to honor financial obligations. The primary factor being captured on the rating scale is relative likelihood of default.

Scale	Long-term Rating Definition
AAA	<b>Highest credit quality.</b> Lowest expectation of credit risk. Indicate exceptionally strong capacity for timely payment of financial commitments
AA+	
AA	<b>Very high credit quality.</b> Very low expectation of credit risk. Indicate very strong capacity for timely payment of financial commitments. This capacity is not significantly vulnerable to foreseeable events.
AA-	
A+	
A	<b>High credit quality.</b> Low expectation of credit risk. The capacity for timely payment of financial commitments is considered strong. This capacity may, nevertheless, be vulnerable to changes in circumstances or in economic conditions.
A-	
BBB+	
BBB	<b>Good credit quality.</b> Currently a low expectation of credit risk. The capacity for timely payment of financial commitments is considered adequate, but adverse changes in circumstances and in economic conditions are more likely to impair this capacity.
BBB-	
BB+	
BB	<b>Moderate risk.</b> Possibility of credit risk developing. There is a possibility of credit risk developing, particularly as a result of adverse economic or business changes over time; however, business or financial alternatives may be available to allow financial commitments to be met.
BB-	
B+	
B	<b>High credit risk.</b> A limited margin of safety remains against credit risk. Financial commitments are currently being met; however, capacity for continued payment is contingent upon a sustained, favorable business and economic environment.
B-	
CCC	
CC	<b>Very high credit risk.</b> Substantial credit risk "CCC" Default is a real possibility. Capacity for meeting financial commitments is solely reliant upon sustained, favorable business or economic developments. "CC" Rating indicates that default of some kind appears probable. "C" Ratings signal imminent default.
C	
D	Obligations are currently in default.

Scale	Short-term Rating Definition
A1+	The highest capacity for timely repayment.
A1	A strong capacity for timely repayment.
A2	A satisfactory capacity for timely repayment. This may be susceptible to adverse changes in business, economic, or financial conditions.
A3	An adequate capacity for timely repayment. Such capacity is susceptible to adverse changes in business, economic, or financial conditions.
A4	The capacity for timely repayment is more susceptible to adverse changes in business, economic, or financial conditions. Liquidity may not be sufficient.



\*The correlation shown is indicative and, in certain cases, may not hold.

**Outlook (Stable, Positive, Negative, Developing)** Indicates the potential and direction of a rating over the intermediate term in response to trends in economic and/or fundamental business/financial conditions. It is not necessarily a precursor to a rating change. 'Stable' outlook means a rating is not likely to change. 'Positive' means it may be raised. 'Negative' means it may be lowered. Where the trends have conflicting elements, the outlook may be described as 'Developing'.

**Rating Watch** Alerts to the possibility of a rating change subsequent to, or, in anticipation of some material identifiable event with indeterminable rating implications. But it does not mean that a rating change is inevitable. A watch should be resolved within foreseeable future, but may continue if underlying circumstances are not settled. Rating watch may accompany rating outlook of the respective opinion.

**Suspension** It is not possible to update an opinion due to lack of requisite information. Opinion should be resumed in foreseeable future. However, if this does not happen within six (6) months, the rating should be considered withdrawn.

**Withdrawn** A rating is withdrawn on a) termination of rating mandate, b) the debt instrument is redeemed, c) the rating remains suspended for six months, d) the entity/issuer defaults, or/and e) PACRA finds it impractical to surveil the opinion due to lack of requisite information.

**Harmonization** A change in rating due to revision in applicable methodology or underlying scale.

**Surveillance.** Surveillance on a publicly disseminated rating opinion is carried out on an ongoing basis till it is formally suspended or withdrawn. A comprehensive surveillance of rating opinion is carried out at least once every six months. However, a rating opinion may be reviewed in the intervening period if it is necessitated by any material happening.

**Note.** This scale is applicable to the following methodology(s):

- a) Broker Entity Rating
- b) Corporate Rating
- c) Debt Instrument Rating
- d) Financial Institution Rating
- e) Holding Company Rating
- f) Independent Power Producer Rating
- g) Microfinance Institution Rating
- h) Non-Banking Finance Companies Rating

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(1) Rating is just an opinion about the creditworthiness of the entity and does not constitute recommendation to buy, hold or sell any security of the entity rated or to buy, hold or sell the security rated, as the case may be | Chapter III; 14-3-(x)

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- i. The Rating Team or any of their family members have no interest in this rating | Chapter III; 12-2-(j)
- ii. PACRA, the analysts involved in the rating process and members of its rating committee, and their family members, do not have any conflict of interest relating to the rating done by them | Chapter III; 12-2-(e) & (k)
- iii. The analyst is not a substantial shareholder of the customer being rated by PACRA [Annexure F; d-(ii)] Explanation: for the purpose of above clause, the term "family members" shall include only those family members who are dependent on the analyst and members of the rating committee

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- (4) PACRA does not disclose or discuss with outside parties or make improper use of the non-public information which has come to its knowledge during business relationship with the customer | Chapter III; 10-7-(d)
- (5) PACRA does not make proposals or recommendations regarding the activities of rated entities that could impact a credit rating of entity subject to rating | Chapter III; 10-7-(k)

### **Conduct of Business**

- (6) PACRA fulfills its obligations in a fair, efficient, transparent and ethical manner and renders high standards of services in performing its functions and obligations; | Chapter III; 11-A-(a)
- (7) PACRA uses due care in preparation of this Rating Report. Our information has been obtained from sources we consider to be reliable but its accuracy or completeness is not guaranteed. PACRA does not, in every instance, independently verifies or validates information received in the rating process or in preparing this Rating Report | Clause 11-(A)(p).
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- (9) PACRA ensures before commencement of the rating process that an analyst or employee has not had a recent employment or other significant business or personal relationship with the rated entity that may cause or may be perceived as causing a conflict of interest; | Chapter III; 11-A-(r)
- (10) PACRA maintains principal of integrity in seeking rating business | Chapter III; 11-A-(u)
- (11) PACRA promptly investigates, in the event of a misconduct or a breach of the policies, procedures and controls, and takes appropriate steps to rectify any weaknesses to prevent any recurrence along with suitable punitive action against the responsible employee(s) | Chapter III; 11-B-(m)

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- (12) PACRA receives compensation from the entity being rated or any third party for the rating services it offers. The receipt of this compensation has no influence on PACRA's opinions or other analytical processes. In all instances, PACRA is committed to preserving the objectivity, integrity and independence of its ratings. Our relationship is governed by two distinct mandates i) rating mandate - signed with the entity being rated or issuer of the debt instrument, and fee mandate - signed with the payer, which can be different from the entity
- (13) PACRA does not provide consultancy/advisory services or other services to any of its customers or to any of its customers' associated companies and associated undertakings that is being rated or has been rated by it during the preceding three years unless it has adequate mechanism in place ensuring that provision of such services does not lead to a conflict of interest situation with its rating activities; | Chapter III; 12-2-(d)
- (14) PACRA discloses that no shareholder directly or indirectly holding 10% or more of the share capital of PACRA also holds directly or indirectly 10% or more of the share capital of the entity which is subject to rating or the entity which issued the instrument subject to rating by PACRA; | Reference Chapter III; 12-2-(f)
- (15) PACRA ensures that the rating assigned to an entity or instrument is not be affected by the existence of a business relationship between PACRA and the entity or any other party, or the non-existence of such a relationship | Chapter III; 12-2-(i)
- (16) PACRA ensures that the analysts or any of their family members shall not buy or sell or engage in any transaction in any security which falls in the analyst's area of primary analytical responsibility. This clause shall, however, not be applicable on investment in securities through collective investment schemes. | Chapter III; 12-2-(l)
- (17) PACRA has established policies and procedure governing investments and trading in securities by its employees and for monitoring the same to prevent insider trading, market manipulation or any other market abuse | Chapter III; 11-B-(g)

### **Monitoring and review**

- (18) PACRA monitors all the outstanding ratings continuously and any potential change therein due to any event associated with the issuer, the security arrangement, the industry etc., is disseminated to the market, immediately and in effective manner, after appropriate consultation with the entity/issuer; | Chapter III | 17-(a)
- (19) PACRA reviews all the outstanding ratings periodically, on annual basis; Provided that public dissemination of annual review and, in an instance of change in rating will be made; | Chapter III | 17-(b)
- (20) PACRA initiates immediate review of the outstanding rating upon becoming aware of any information that may reasonably be expected to result in downgrading of the rating; | Chapter III | 17-(c)
- (21) PACRA engages with the issuer and the debt securities trustee, to remain updated on all information pertaining to the rating of the entity/instrument; | Chapter III | 17-(d)

### **Probability of Default**

(22) PACRA's Rating Scale reflects the expectation of credit risk. The highest rating has the lowest relative likelihood of default (i.e., probability). PACRA's transition studies capture the historical performance behavior of a specific rating notch. Transition behavior of the assigned rating can be obtained from PACRA's Transition Study available at our website. (www.pacra.com). However, actual transition of rating may not follow the pattern observed in the past; | Chapter III | 14-3(f)(vii)

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