



The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited

## Rating Report

### Allah Tawaqal Metals (Pvt.) Limited

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#### Rating History

Dissemination Date	Long Term Rating	Short Term Rating	Outlook	Action	Rating Watch
07-Jan-2022	BB	A3	Stable	Initial	-

#### Rating Rationale and Key Rating Drivers

Founded in September 2019, Allah Tawaqal Metals (Pvt.) Limited (ATM) is involved in recycling of metals in Pakistan. It imports metals scrap for recycling to export Copper and Aluminium alloys ingots. It also trades secondary and semi-finished nonferrous and ferrous metals in local market. Pakistan's exports of Copper and Aluminium has seen significant increase. This is largely due to increase in exports of these products for which final destination is China, largest importer of refined Copper, Copper alloys and unwrought Aluminium in particular. With respect to exports, Copper and Aluminium ingots exported to China reached a value of USD~730mln during 2020 on the back of zero rating by China under the free trade agreement signed between the two countries. Recycling of Copper and Aluminium without taking appropriate measures can be harmful for the environment. While increasing awareness about the environment may lead to more stringent regulations in the future, it could be a risk to manage. Requisite clearance is pending from Provincial Environment Protection Agency (EPA) and Ministry of Climate Change.

In 2021, Allah Tawaqal Metals (Pvt.) Ltd posted topline and net margins of PKR 2.9 billion and PKR 267 million respectively. It has an equity base of PKR 439 million due to the reported profits and total borrowings of PKR 431mln (Short term only). The market share is expected to stand around 15%. On the other hand, ATM is a family owned and operated business which exposes it to risks of having same management and ownership. The overall governance framework is at very initial stages. Company is led by young and enthusiastic management. Financial transparency needs improvement. Business is also vulnerable to regulatory disruptions owing to its pending state of affairs with Provincial Environment Protection Agency (EPA) and Ministry of Climate Change.

Adherence to environmental protection regulations, financial transparency, customer stickiness and a credit policy are imperative for the ratings in future. Improving management, governance and control environment are also very important.

#### Disclosure

<b>Name of Rated Entity</b>	Allah Tawaqal Metals (Pvt.) Limited
<b>Type of Relationship</b>	Solicited
<b>Purpose of the Rating</b>	Entity Rating
<b>Applicable Criteria</b>	Methodology   Corporate Rating(Jun-21),Criteria   Correlation Between Long-term & Short-term Rating Scales(Jun-21),Criteria   Rating Modifiers(Jun-21)
<b>Related Research</b>	Sector Study   Steel(Sep-21)
<b>Rating Analysts</b>	Uswa Sikandar   uswa.sikandar@pacra.com   +92-42-35869504

## Profile

**Legal Structure** Allah Tawaqal Metals (Pvt.) Ltd. is a private limited company incorporated in Pakistan on September 11, 2019 under the Companies Act 2017. The principal activities of company are recycling copper and aluminium ingots from dismantling of compressors and other imports. The Company's registered office is situated at Opp. Kotli Shahan. G.T. Road. Gujranwala, Punjab 52250. Pakistan

**Background** Founded in September 2019, Allah Tawaqal Metals (Pvt.) Limited is involved in the manufacturing and recycling of metals in Pakistan and is the fastest-growing company in its field in the country.

**Operations** Allah Tawaqal Metals is a committed ecofriendly business and a well-recognized recycler. It imports/Buys metals for further manufacturing to export metal alloys ingots. It also trades secondary and semi-finished nonferrous and ferrous metals in local market. Company's main exporter is the auto industry in China. It sources raw materials from suppliers across the globe, largely from the USA and Europe, up to 60000MT of raw material per annum.

## Ownership

**Ownership Structure** The current shareholding of Allah Tawaqal is divided among three family members, Mr. Muhammad Mubeen Arif, the eldest brother and CEO of ATM holds 34%, while Mr. Muhammad Muneeb Arif (younger brother) and Mr. Muhammad Umair (brother-in-law) hold 33% each.

**Stability** ATM needs to have formal succession planning in place so that future prospects are taken care of in the hour of need with respect to the management of the Company.

**Business Acumen** The family has been operating this business since decades. Mr. Arif Hussain started it in 80's and registered it as sole proprietorship. Earlier the business nature was limited to importing raw materials and trading it locally in Pakistan. However, after registration of company in 2019, recycling and exporting were added to the already existing model.

**Financial Strength** The financial strength of sponsors needs improvement.

## Governance

**Board Structure** The overall control of the company vests in three-member board of directors (BoD) including Chief Executive – Mr. Mobeen Arif. All 3 members of board are also shareholders of the company. There are no independent directors in the board.

**Members' Profile** Mr. Mubeen has done Bachelors in Accounts and Finance from Brunel University London and has an overall experience of 5 years. Mr. Muneeb Arif is 3rd year student of Bachelors in Business Management in Regent University London and has an overall experience of 2 years while Mr. Umair has done Masters in Mass communication and has an overall experience of 3 years.

**Board Effectiveness** The Board has only three members and in comparison, to established corporates, the governance model is weak and needs improvement. There are no board committees in place.

**Financial Transparency** The company has recently switched to QCR rated auditors, Hassan Farooq & Co. and the current year audit engagement is being performed by them. This audit firm is not in the list of SBP pertaining to names of audit firms defining categories of external audit firms. The company is only making annual financial statements at the moment but plans to make quarterly accounts starting next year. Management represented that financial statement discussed in report are final on which auditor report is being finalized in couple of days.

## Management

**Organizational Structure** Company has an adequate organizational structure. Currently, the organizational structure is divided into five main functions namely; 1) Sales 2) Production 3) Finance, Accounts & Taxation 4) Import and 5) Export.

**Management Team** Mr. Mubeen Arif Jutt is the CEO of the company since its incorporation in 2019. He is looking into Finance and Compliance function. His younger brother Mr. Muhammad Amin Arif is the GM finance and has done Bachelors in Business Management from UCL. Reporting of all other functions is done to him. Mr. Muhammad Irfan heads Import and Export departments.

**Effectiveness** Since the company is family-owned business and has relatively flat organizational structure with the sponsors looking after the day-to-day operations, ATM needs to have formal management committees in place which can monitor performance and assure the adherence to the policies and procedures.

**MIS** The company is currently using Quick Books Enterprise Solutions- Accountant Edition 18.0 for financial reporting. However, its inventory module is not used since it is not suitable for ATM inventory the details of which are managed manually. The company is in the process of implementing customized ERP software system called Business Management System and has hired Crox Avenue Solutions for the related services.

**Control Environment** The company currently has no certification on health, safety and quality control although it intends to take Quality Control and Environmental performance Certification from ISO going forward in the current year.

## Business Risk

**Industry Dynamics** Scrap metal recycling is a relatively new industry in Pakistan which especially bloomed after 2017 when China banned foreign scrap metal and introduced waste sanctions in its own country which resultantly shifted it to other countries, primarily being Pakistan, India, Malaysia, Indonesia and Vietnam. ATM is a committed ecofriendly business which has an environment treatment plant installed called baghouse with its furnace. This plant collects any carbon emitted in bags in saleable quality. This industry enjoys supportive business environment in Pakistan with minimal import duties on scrap of around 2-3% and tax credit under section 65D of ITO for newly established industrial undertakings.

**Relative Position** As per Management, the company has a share of around 15% in local scrap metal recycling market. ATM faces competition at international level from countries like India, Malaysia and Vietnam. However, players in Pakistan have competitive advantage as they enjoy zero customs duty in China.

**Revenues** Topline of the company followed substantial growth pattern of 118% and recorded at PKR 2.9 billion in CY21 compared to PKR 1.4 billion in its initial year of operations. Company earns its revenue stream both from exports as well as local sales. Copper Ingots and Aluminium Alloy Ingots are exported to China exclusively whereas ferrous wastage is sold locally to traders in Gujranwala and Lahore.

**Margins** During CY21, company's gross margin has been reported at 13.1% in comparison to 9.0% in CY20. Operating profit margin has seen a similar trend and booked at 10.4% in CY21 compared to 7.2% in CY20. With finance charges of 30 mln in 2021 (CY20: PKR 4 mln), the company reported profits FTY21 of PKR 267 million (CY20 : PKR 79 mln).

**Sustainability** ATM's management furnished reliable forecasts which reflects the strategy of the management and viability of the design path to reach the goal. As per management, copper being the best electrical conductor is used extensively in electrical vehicles which will keep its demand curve steep especially till 2030 since future belongs to electrical vehicles.

## Financial Risk

**Working Capital** ATM manages its working capital cycle through mix of internal cashflows and short-term borrowings. During FY21, the Company's reliance on short term borrowings stood at 431mln (FY20: 233mln) while net working capital days clocked in at 49 days (FY20:79 days).

**Coverages** During FY21, ATM's operating cashflows (FCFO) recorded at PKR 291 mln (FY20: PKR 74mln) while free cash flows to interest coverage was 9.9x (FY20: 17.3x). Company enjoys good coverages on account of less dependance on external financing to manage its working capital as well as abundance of free cash flows.

**Capitalization** The company has a moderately leveraged capital structure with a debt to equity ratio of 50% (FY20: 61%). The company does not have any long term loan and uses short term funded facilities like FATR and FE-25 to manage its imports. As per management, the company intends to issue bonus shares in near future to further improve its gearing ratio and enhance its maximum financing limit.



Allah Tawaqal Metals (Pvt.) Ltd.	Jun-21 12M Management	Jun-20 12M Audited	Jun-19 12M Audited
<b>A BALANCE SHEET</b>			
1 Non-Current Assets	56	9	-
2 Investments	-	-	-
3 Related Party Exposure	-	-	-
4 Current Assets	1,711	731	-
<i>a Inventories</i>	622	212	-
<i>b Trade Receivables</i>	616	361	-
<b>5 Total Assets</b>	<b>1,767</b>	<b>740</b>	<b>-</b>
6 Current Liabilities	892	336	-
<i>a Trade Payables</i>	728	279	-
7 Borrowings	431	233	-
8 Related Party Exposure	5	14	-
9 Non-Current Liabilities	-	-	-
<b>10 Net Assets</b>	<b>439</b>	<b>158</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>11 Shareholders' Equity</b>	<b>439</b>	<b>158</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>B INCOME STATEMENT</b>			
1 Sales	2,978	1,363	-
<i>a Cost of Good Sold</i>	(2,588)	(1,241)	-
<b>2 Gross Profit</b>	<b>390</b>	<b>122</b>	<b>-</b>
<i>a Operating Expenses</i>	(79)	(24)	-
<b>3 Operating Profit</b>	<b>311</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>-</b>
<i>a Non Operating Income or (Expense)</i>	(3)	(14)	-
<b>4 Profit or (Loss) before Interest and Tax</b>	<b>308</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>-</b>
<i>a Total Finance Cost</i>	(41)	(5)	-
<i>b Taxation</i>	-	-	-
<b>6 Net Income Or (Loss)</b>	<b>267</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>C CASH FLOW STATEMENT</b>			
<i>a Free Cash Flows from Operations (FCFO)</i>	291	74	-
<i>b Net Cash from Operating Activities before Working Capital Changes</i>	252	70	-
<i>c Changes in Working Capital</i>	(196)	(378)	-
<b>1 Net Cash provided by Operating Activities</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>(308)</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>2 Net Cash (Used in) or Available From Investing Activities</b>	<b>(50)</b>	<b>(10)</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>3 Net Cash (Used in) or Available From Financing Activities</b>	<b>204</b>	<b>325</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>4 Net Cash generated or (Used) during the period</b>	<b>210</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>D RATIO ANALYSIS</b>			
<b>1 Performance</b>			
<i>a Sales Growth (for the period)</i>	118.4%	--	N/A
<i>b Gross Profit Margin</i>	13.1%	9.0%	N/A
<i>c Net Profit Margin</i>	9.0%	5.8%	N/A
<i>d Cash Conversion Efficiency (FCFO adjusted for Working Capital/Sales)</i>	3.2%	-22.3%	N/A
<i>e Return on Equity [ Net Profit Margin * Asset Turnover * (Total Assets/Sh</i>	89.7%	50.1%	N/A
<b>2 Working Capital Management</b>			
<i>a Gross Working Capital (Average Days)</i>	111	154	N/A
<i>b Net Working Capital (Average Days)</i>	49	79	N/A
<i>c Current Ratio (Current Assets / Current Liabilities)</i>	1.9	2.2	N/A
<b>3 Coverages</b>			
<i>a EBITDA / Finance Cost</i>	10.3	21.1	N/A
<i>b FCFO / Finance Cost+CMLTB+Excess STB</i>	9.9	17.3	N/A
<i>c Debt Payback (Total Borrowings+Excess STB) / (FCFO-Finance Cost)</i>	0.0	0.2	N/A
<b>4 Capital Structure</b>			
<i>a Total Borrowings / (Total Borrowings+Shareholders' Equity)</i>	49.9%	61.0%	N/A
<i>b Interest or Markup Payable (Days)</i>	33.2	144.0	N/A
<i>c Entity Average Borrowing Rate</i>	8.6%	1.7%	--

**Credit Rating**

Credit rating reflects forward-looking opinion on credit worthiness of underlying entity or instrument; more specifically it covers relative ability to honor financial obligations. The primary factor being captured on the rating scale is relative likelihood of default.

Scale	Long-term Rating Definition
AAA	<b>Highest credit quality.</b> Lowest expectation of credit risk. Indicate exceptionally strong capacity for timely payment of financial commitments
AA+	
AA	<b>Very high credit quality.</b> Very low expectation of credit risk. Indicate very strong capacity for timely payment of financial commitments. This capacity is not significantly vulnerable to foreseeable events.
AA-	
A+	
A	<b>High credit quality.</b> Low expectation of credit risk. The capacity for timely payment of financial commitments is considered strong. This capacity may, nevertheless, be vulnerable to changes in circumstances or in economic conditions.
A-	
BBB+	
BBB	<b>Good credit quality.</b> Currently a low expectation of credit risk. The capacity for timely payment of financial commitments is considered adequate, but adverse changes in circumstances and in economic conditions are more likely to impair this capacity.
BBB-	
BB+	<b>Moderate risk.</b> Possibility of credit risk developing. There is a possibility of credit risk developing, particularly as a result of adverse economic or business changes over time; however, business or financial alternatives may be available to allow financial commitments to be met.
BB	
BB-	
B+	
B	<b>High credit risk.</b> A limited margin of safety remains against credit risk. Financial commitments are currently being met; however, capacity for continued payment is contingent upon a sustained, favorable business and economic environment.
B-	
CCC	<b>Very high credit risk.</b> Substantial credit risk “CCC” Default is a real possibility. Capacity for meeting financial commitments is solely reliant upon sustained, favorable business or economic developments. “CC” Rating indicates that default of some kind appears probable. “C” Ratings signal imminent default.
CC	
C	
D	Obligations are currently in default.

Scale	Short-term Rating Definition
A1+	The highest capacity for timely repayment.
A1	A strong capacity for timely repayment.
A2	A satisfactory capacity for timely repayment. This may be susceptible to adverse changes in business, economic, or financial conditions.
A3	An adequate capacity for timely repayment. Such capacity is susceptible to adverse changes in business, economic, or financial conditions.
A4	The capacity for timely repayment is more susceptible to adverse changes in business, economic, or financial conditions. Liquidity may not be sufficient.



*\*The correlation shown is indicative and, in certain cases, may not hold.*

**Outlook (Stable, Positive, Negative, Developing)** Indicates the potential and direction of a rating over the intermediate term in response to trends in economic and/or fundamental business/financial conditions. It is not necessarily a precursor to a rating change. ‘Stable’ outlook means a rating is not likely to change. ‘Positive’ means it may be raised. ‘Negative’ means it may be lowered. Where the trends have conflicting elements, the outlook may be described as ‘Developing’.

**Rating Watch** Alerts to the possibility of a rating change subsequent to, or, in anticipation of some material identifiable event with indeterminable rating implications. But it does not mean that a rating change is inevitable. A watch should be resolved within foreseeable future, but may continue if underlying circumstances are not settled. Rating watch may accompany rating outlook of the respective opinion.

**Suspension** It is not possible to update an opinion due to lack of requisite information. Opinion should be resumed in foreseeable future. However, if this does not happen within six (6) months, the rating should be considered withdrawn.

**Withdrawn** A rating is withdrawn on a) termination of rating mandate, b) the debt instrument is redeemed, c) the rating remains suspended for six months, d) the entity/issuer defaults., or/and e) PACRA finds it impractical to surveil the opinion due to lack of requisite information.

**Harmonization** A change in rating due to revision in applicable methodology or underlying scale.

**Surveillance.** Surveillance on a publicly disseminated rating opinion is carried out on an ongoing basis till it is formally suspended or withdrawn. A comprehensive surveillance of rating opinion is carried out at least once every six months. However, a rating opinion may be reviewed in the intervening period if it is necessitated by any material happening.

**Note.** This scale is applicable to the following methodology(s):

<p><b>Entities</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) Broker Entity Rating</li> <li>b) Corporate Rating</li> <li>c) Financial Institution Rating</li> <li>d) Holding Company Rating</li> <li>e) Independent Power Producer Rating</li> <li>f) Microfinance Institution Rating</li> <li>g) Non-Banking Finance Companies (NBFCs) Rating</li> </ul>	<p><b>Instruments</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) Basel III Compliant Debt Instrument Rating</li> <li>b) Debt Instrument Rating</li> <li>c) Sukuk Rating</li> </ul>
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- (20) PACRA initiates immediate review of the outstanding rating upon becoming aware of any information that may reasonably be expected to result in downgrading of the rating; | Chapter III | 18-(c)
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