



## The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited

### Rating Report

#### Din Energy Limited

##### Report Contents

1. Rating Analysis
2. Financial Information
3. Rating Scale
4. Regulatory and Supplementary Disclosure

##### Rating History

Dissemination Date	Long Term Rating	Short Term Rating	Outlook	Action	Rating Watch
13-Oct-2023	A	A2	Stable	Maintain	-
13-Oct-2022	A	A2	Stable	Upgrade	-
22-Oct-2021	A-	A2	Stable	Initial	-

##### Rating Rationale and Key Rating Drivers

Din Energy Limited (DEL) has set up a 50MW wind power plant "Din Energy Limited" in Jhampir. DEL is awarded upfront tariff, with the payments to be received from CPPA-G backed by the sovereign guarantee. DEL has signed Energy Purchase Agreement ("EPA") with CPPA-G for a period of 25 years from the date of COD, as per the EPA, in case of non-project missed volumes the power purchaser shall be liable to pay the missed volumes calculated using tariff rates. The plant successfully achieved its Commercial Operations (COD) On March 27, 2022 and has been supplying electricity to the national grid since then. The Company has adequate insurance coverage to cover the risk of business interruptions, marine & erection etc.

During the period, FY23, DEL generated approx. 144Gwh of electricity and recorded topline of PKR ~1,973mln, with a Net Profit of PKR ~329mln respectively, being the first year of its operation. Working capital requirements of the Company are fulfilled through mix of in-house adequate cash flow generation and short-term borrowing lines. Utilization of which remain approx.50 % as of June 2023. Free cash flows of the Company are in a comfortable position to make timely debt repayments. The Project is maintaining the Debt Service Reserve Account (DSRA), which is backed by 6 months SBLCs, in total providing coverage of six months on its financial obligations till maturity. The leveraging of DEL is yet sizeable and will gradually decline along with the life of the project as the repayment of project-related loan has started. The project revenues and cash flows are exposed to wind risk, there is seasonal variation in the wind speed which affect the electricity generation, and ultimately cash flows may face seasonality.

Management has put forth the requisition for true up tariff to NEPRA, for the final determination, the decision of which is pending. Upgrading operational performance in line with agreed performance levels is important. Improvement in inflows, timely repayment of project debt and availability of unutilized credit limits remained congenial for the ratings.

##### Disclosure

<b>Name of Rated Entity</b>	Din Energy Limited
<b>Type of Relationship</b>	Solicited
<b>Purpose of the Rating</b>	Entity Rating
<b>Applicable Criteria</b>	Methodology   Correlation Between Long-term & Short-term Rating Scales(Jul-23),Methodology   Independent Power Producer Rating(Jul-23),Methodology   Rating Modifiers(Apr-23)
<b>Related Research</b>	Sector Study   Power(Jan-23)
<b>Rating Analysts</b>	Muhammad Mubashir Nazir   mubashir.nazir@pacra.com   +92-42-35869504

## The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited

### Profile

**Plant** The 50MW wind farm is set up on a Build, Own, and Operate (BOO) basis over 325 acres of land near Deh Kohistan, Sindh. Din Energy Ltd is a Renewable Energy Independent Power Producer (RE IPP) operating under the Renewable Energy Policy 2006 by the Alternative Energy Development Board (AEDB).

**Tariff** DIN Energy is awarded upfront tariff for wind power projects by NEPRA. Under the 2019 NEPRA tariff determination for wind IPPs, the company has a generation tariff PKR 7.331 per Kilowatt hour (KWh) for years 1-10 and generation tariff of PKR 2.4026 per Kilowatt hour (KWh) for years 11-25. The levelized tariff for the project is US\$ 4.7824/KWh at the time of the financial close. The Company achieved the COD during March 2022.

**Return On Project** The IRR of the project, as agreed with NEPRA, is 14%.

### Ownership

**Ownership Structure** Din Energy is owned by Din Group and its founding family members; while shareholding is segregated as: Din Corporation Pvt Ltd and Din Ventures Pvt Ltd owned (31.67%) each, while Din Industries Management Pvt Ltd (5%), Sheikh Muhammad Pervez (15.8%), Ghazala Pervez (15.8%), Fawad Jawed (0.0002%), Farhad Shaikh Mohammad (0.0002%) and Irfan Muneer (0.0002%).

**Stability** Stability in the IPPs is drawn from the agreements signed between the company and power purchaser. The stability factor is considered strong.

**Business Acumen** The Din Group is engaged in marketing of textile, leather and energy. Under the dynamic leadership of the Group and strong Human Resource, Din Textile Mills Ltd was founded in 1987 and in a very short time become an icon for the value-added spinning industry in Pakistan. Din Leather Pvt Ltd been awarded many Best Export Performance Trophies. The Group is further engaged in hiding and renewable energy, land development and real estate project in Lahore.

**Financial Strength** Company's sponsors have the ability to support the entity both on a continuing basis, and support in times of crisis. Additionally, financial strength of the sponsors is considered strong as the sponsors have well diversified profitable businesses.

### Governance

**Board Structure** BOD comprises four members including the CEO.

**Members' Profile** Mr. Shaikh Muhammad Pervez is currently the Chairman of the board. The board has a vast experience in various sectors including but not limited to finance, accounting, project management, and construction and manufacturing.

**Board Effectiveness** The experienced board guides the management in developing effective operational and financial policies.

**Financial Transparency** Company's external auditor, BDO is one of the four audit firms in the world, expressed an unqualified opinion on the company's financial statements as at end-Jun23.

### Management

**Organizational Structure** IPPs are generally featured by a flat organizational structure, mainly comprising finance and technical staff, while the engineering, construction, and operations of the plant are outsourced.

**Management Team** Mr. Fawad, the CEO, has been spearheading the company since assuming the management control of the company who has over 16 years' experience. Mr. Muhammad Asad Ullah is project engineer and he carries with him more than 14 years of experience in project management. He is supported by the experienced management team.

**Effectiveness** Additionally, management's effective decision-making cause processes more systematic while the robustness of control systems is considered a reflection of strong management, which is reasonable.

**Control Environment** The company takes advantage of advanced IT Solutions i.e SAP and Temp City Software to deliver comparatively better on many fronts. Moreover, Company's quality of the IT infrastructure and the breadth and depth of activities performed has remained well satisfactory.

### Operational Risk

**Power Purchase Agreement** DIN Energy is being developed under the Renewable Energy Policy 2006. EPA is with CPPA-G, and has tenure of 25 years from the date of COD.

**Operation And Maintenance** The EPC contractors will be the O&M contractor of the Company for the period of 2 years from the date of COD as per the terms of the agreement. Currently HydroChina International Engineering Company Limited Pakistan is the O&M Contractor. Long term contractor will be finalized after the expiry of the current agreement.

**Resource Risk** The risk of wind resource shall be borne by the power producer. During FY23 Din Energy generated energy 90.961GWH during summer (July-Sep 2022 & April to June 2023) and 52.910GWH during winter (Oct-March 2023.) with a total generation of approx. 143.871 GWH.

**Insurance Cover** The Company has arranged adequate insurance covers for the, operational all risks, business interruption, third party liabilities and property damages. The insurance is with Adamjee Insurance, and is renewed on yearly basis. No significant event or claim was reported during the period under review.

### Performance Risk

**Industry Dynamics** As of FY23 there are thirty six (36) wind power projects of 1845.475 MW cumulative capacity have achieved Commercial Operation and are supplying electricity to National Grid, constituting approx. 5% of the total generation capacity of the Company. Further LOI 510 MW of wind energy has been issued and is in pipeline.

**Generation** The project Became operation in March 2022 and during FY 23 generated energy of 143.871GWh. The capacity factor remains within the required benchmark of 38%.

**Performance Benchmark** The required availability factor and capacity factor of the plant under agreement is 96.5% & 38% respectively. However, during FY 23 the Company manages to maintain the availability and capacity with in the required parameters.

### Financial Risk

**Financing Structure Analysis** The total project cost approved under NEPRA is USD 63.906mln, consisting of 80% of debt (USD 51.12ml) and 20% of equity (USD 12.78mln). The debt financing constitutes foreign loan of USD 25.89 mln (3MLIBOR+4.25%) and local loan of PKR 4.5bln (SBP refinancing rate of 3%+1.75%). The foreign loan is to be settled in 52 quarterly installments with 6 installments paid from June 2022 to Sep 2023. The local loan is eligible for refinancing under the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) Financing Scheme for Renewable Energy. The foreign loan has the maturity of 13 years while the local loan has maturity of 10 years. Both the local and foreign loan are repayable in quarterly installments. Local loan facility will be settled in 40 quarterly installments with 6 installments paid during June 2022 to Sep 2023.

**Liquidity Profile** As at end-Jun23, total receivables of the company are PKR 777mln owing to delayed receivable from the Power Purchaser the Company has arranged amicable working capital lines to manage its operational requirements.

**Working Capital Financing** Renewable IPPs do not have to pay for fuel which minimize their working capital needs. The company is managing its working capital requirement through mix of internal cash generation and borrowings lines from the banks. As of FY23- approx. 50% of the working capital lines remain un-utilized, providing sufficient cushion to meet the operational needs.

**Cash Flow Analysis** The stability and sustainability of future cash flows of DIN Energy depends completely on continuous performance of its wind turbines. The company would have to make quarterly principal repayments of debt, which also includes foreign debt. The company will maintain the Payment Service Reserve Account (PSRA), which will be equivalent to two quarterly payments (6 months).

**Capitalization** As at end June-23 the leveraging of the Company stood at 79.8% as at end June 2023 (June 2022: 79.5%; June 2021: 52.2%).



The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited

Financial Summary

PKR mln

30-Jun-23	Jun-23	Jun-22	Jun-21
Power	12M	12M	12M

#### A BALANCE SHEET

1 Non-Current Assets	12,944	11,406	3,642
2 Investments	-	-	-
3 Related Party Exposure	-	-	-
4 Current Assets	1,293	1,773	365
a Inventories	-	-	-
b Trade Receivables	777	423	-
5 Total Assets	14,236	13,178	4,006
6 Current Liabilities	794	1,537	7
a Trade Payables	681	1,522	-
7 Borrowings	10,720	9,259	2,086
8 Related Party Exposure	-	-	-
9 Non-Current Liabilities	12	-	-
10 Net Assets	2,711	2,382	1,914
11 Shareholders' Equity	2,711	2,382	1,914

#### B INCOME STATEMENT

1 Sales	1,987	506	-
a Cost of Good Sold	(852)	(207)	-
2 Gross Profit	1,135	299	-
a Operating Expenses	(19)	(14)	(0)
3 Operating Profit	1,117	285	(0)
a Non Operating Income or (Expense)	(20)	3	3
4 Profit or (Loss) before Interest and Tax	1,097	288	3
a Total Finance Cost	(761)	(121)	-
b Taxation	(7)	(1)	-
6 Net Income Or (Loss)	329	166	3

#### C CASH FLOW STATEMENT

a Free Cash Flows from Operations (FCFO)	818	317	2
b Net Cash from Operating Activities before Working Capital Changes	806	317	2
c Changes in Working Capital	(952)	1,052	(99)
1 Net Cash provided by Operating Activities	(146)	1,370	(97)
2 Net Cash (Used in) or Available From Investing Activities	8	(7,109)	(3,155)
3 Net Cash (Used in) or Available From Financing Activities	(546)	6,672	2,443
4 Net Cash generated or (Used) during the period	(685)	933	(808)

#### D RATIO ANALYSIS

1 Performance			
a Sales Growth (for the period)	292.9%	--	N/A
b Gross Profit Margin	57.1%	59.0%	N/A
c Net Profit Margin	16.5%	32.9%	N/A
d Cash Conversion Efficiency (FCFO adjusted for Working Capital/Sales)	-6.8%	270.8%	N/A
e Return on Equity [ Net Profit Margin * Asset Turnover * (Total Assets/S	12.6%	10.7%	N/A
2 Working Capital Management			
a Gross Working Capital (Average Days)	110	305	N/A
b Net Working Capital (Average Days)	-92	-793	N/A
c Current Ratio (Current Assets / Current Liabilities)	1.6	1.2	55.1
3 Coverages			
a EBITDA / Finance Cost	1.1	2.6	N/A
b FCFO / Finance Cost+CMLTB+Excess STB	0.5	0.4	N/A
c Debt Payback (Total Borrowings+Excess STB) / (FCFO-Finance Cost)	162.6	46.5	871.9
4 Capital Structure			
a Total Borrowings / (Total Borrowings+Shareholders' Equity)	79.8%	79.5%	52.2%

### Credit Rating

Credit rating reflects forward-looking opinion on credit worthiness of underlying entity or instrument; more specifically it covers relative ability to honor financial obligations. The primary factor being captured on the rating scale is relative likelihood of default.

Scale	Long-term Rating Definition
AAA	<b>Highest credit quality.</b> Lowest expectation of credit risk. Indicate exceptionally strong capacity for timely payment of financial commitments
AA+	
AA	<b>Very high credit quality.</b> Very low expectation of credit risk. Indicate very strong capacity for timely payment of financial commitments. This capacity is not significantly vulnerable to foreseeable events.
AA-	
A+	
A	<b>High credit quality.</b> Low expectation of credit risk. The capacity for timely payment of financial commitments is considered strong. This capacity may, nevertheless, be vulnerable to changes in circumstances or in economic conditions.
A-	
BBB+	
BBB	<b>Good credit quality.</b> Currently a low expectation of credit risk. The capacity for timely payment of financial commitments is considered adequate, but adverse changes in circumstances and in economic conditions are more likely to impair this capacity.
BBB-	
BB+	
BB	<b>Moderate risk.</b> Possibility of credit risk developing. There is a possibility of credit risk developing, particularly as a result of adverse economic or business changes over time; however, business or financial alternatives may be available to allow financial commitments to be met.
BB-	
B+	
B	<b>High credit risk.</b> A limited margin of safety remains against credit risk. Financial commitments are currently being met; however, capacity for continued payment is contingent upon a sustained, favorable business and economic environment.
B-	
CCC	
CC	<b>Very high credit risk.</b> Substantial credit risk "CCC" Default is a real possibility. Capacity for meeting financial commitments is solely reliant upon sustained, favorable business or economic developments. "CC" Rating indicates that default of some kind appears probable. "C" Ratings signal imminent default.
C	
D	Obligations are currently in default.

Scale	Short-term Rating Definition
A1+	The highest capacity for timely repayment.
A1	A strong capacity for timely repayment.
A2	A satisfactory capacity for timely repayment. This may be susceptible to adverse changes in business, economic, or financial conditions.
A3	An adequate capacity for timely repayment. Such capacity is susceptible to adverse changes in business, economic, or financial conditions.
A4	The capacity for timely repayment is more susceptible to adverse changes in business, economic, or financial conditions. Liquidity may not be sufficient.



*\*The correlation shown is indicative and, in certain cases, may not hold.*

**Outlook (Stable, Positive, Negative, Developing)** Indicates the potential and direction of a rating over the intermediate term in response to trends in economic and/or fundamental business/financial conditions. It is not necessarily a precursor to a rating change. 'Stable' outlook means a rating is not likely to change. 'Positive' means it may be raised. 'Negative' means it may be lowered. Where the trends have conflicting elements, the outlook may be described as 'Developing'.

**Rating Watch** Alerts to the possibility of a rating change subsequent to, or, in anticipation of some material identifiable event with indeterminable rating implications. But it does not mean that a rating change is inevitable. A watch should be resolved within foreseeable future, but may continue if underlying circumstances are not settled. Rating watch may accompany rating outlook of the respective opinion.

**Suspension** It is not possible to update an opinion due to lack of requisite information. Opinion should be resumed in foreseeable future. However, if this does not happen within six (6) months, the rating should be considered withdrawn.

**Withdrawn** A rating is withdrawn on a) termination of rating mandate, b) the debt instrument is redeemed, c) the rating remains suspended for six months, d) the entity/issuer defaults, or/and e) PACRA finds it impractical to surveil the opinion due to lack of requisite information.

**Harmonization** A change in rating due to revision in applicable methodology or underlying scale.

**Surveillance.** Surveillance on a publicly disseminated rating opinion is carried out on an ongoing basis till it is formally suspended or withdrawn. A comprehensive surveillance of rating opinion is carried out at least once every six months. However, a rating opinion may be reviewed in the intervening period if it is necessitated by any material happening.

**Note.** This scale is applicable to the following methodology(s):

- a) Broker Entity Rating
- b) Corporate Rating
- c) Debt Instrument Rating
- d) Financial Institution Rating
- e) Holding Company Rating
- f) Independent Power Producer Rating
- g) Microfinance Institution Rating
- h) Non-Banking Finance Companies Rating

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(1) Rating is just an opinion about the creditworthiness of the entity and does not constitute recommendation to buy, hold or sell any security of the entity rated or to buy, hold or sell the security rated, as the case may be | Chapter III; 14-3-(x)

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- i. The Rating Team or any of their family members have no interest in this rating | Chapter III; 12-2-(j)
- ii. PACRA, the analysts involved in the rating process and members of its rating committee, and their family members, do not have any conflict of interest relating to the rating done by them | Chapter III; 12-2-(e) & (k)
- iii. The analyst is not a substantial shareholder of the customer being rated by PACRA [Annexure F; d-(ii)] Explanation: for the purpose of above clause, the term “family members” shall include only those family members who are dependent on the analyst and members of the rating committee

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- (7) PACRA uses due care in preparation of this Rating Report. Our information has been obtained from sources we consider to be reliable but its accuracy or completeness is not guaranteed. PACRA does not, in every instance, independently verifies or validates information received in the rating process or in preparing this Rating Report | Clause 11-(A)(p).
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- (9) PACRA ensures before commencement of the rating process that an analyst or employee has not had a recent employment or other significant business or personal relationship with the rated entity that may cause or may be perceived as causing a conflict of interest; | Chapter III; 11-A-(r)
- (10) PACRA maintains principal of integrity in seeking rating business | Chapter III; 11-A-(u)
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- (13) PACRA does not provide consultancy/advisory services or other services to any of its customers or to any of its customers’ associated companies and associated undertakings that is being rated or has been rated by it during the preceding three years unless it has adequate mechanism in place ensuring that provision of such services does not lead to a conflict of interest situation with its rating activities; | Chapter III; 12-2-(d)
- (14) PACRA discloses that no shareholder directly or indirectly holding 10% or more of the share capital of PACRA also holds directly or indirectly 10% or more of the share capital of the entity which is subject to rating or the entity which issued the instrument subject to rating by PACRA; | Reference Chapter III; 12-2-(f)
- (15) PACRA ensures that the rating assigned to an entity or instrument is not be affected by the existence of a business relationship between PACRA and the entity or any other party, or the non-existence of such a relationship | Chapter III; 12-2-(i)
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- (19) PACRA reviews all the outstanding ratings on semi-annual basis or as and when required by any creditor or upon the occurrence of such an event which requires to do so; | Chapter III | 18-(b)
- (20) PACRA initiates immediate review of the outstanding rating upon becoming aware of any information that may reasonably be expected to result in downgrading of the rating; | Chapter III | 18-(c)
- (21) PACRA engages with the issuer and the debt securities trustee, to remain updated on all information pertaining to the rating of the entity/instrument; | Chapter III | 18-(d)

### **Probability of Default**

(22) PACRA’s Rating Scale reflects the expectation of credit risk. The highest rating has the lowest relative likelihood of default (i.e, probability). PACRA’s transition studies capture the historical performance behavior of a specific rating notch. Transition behavior of the assigned rating can be obtained from PACRA’s Transition Study available at our website. (www.pacra.com). However, actual transition of rating may not follow the pattern observed in the past | Chapter III | 14-(F-VII)

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