

The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited

Rating Report

Liberty Wind Power 1 Limited

Report Contents

Rating Analysis
Financial Information

3. Rating Scale

4. Regulatory and Supplementary Disclosure

Rating History						
Dissemination Date	Long Term Rating	Short Term Rating	Outlook	Action	Rating Watch	
20-Feb-2024	А	A2	Stable	Maintain	-	
01-Mar-2023	А	A2	Stable	Upgrade	-	
04-Mar-2022	A-	A2	Stable	Maintain	-	
04-Mar-2021	A-	A2	Stable	Initial	-	

Rating Rationale and Key Rating Drivers

Liberty Mills Limited has set up a 50MW wind power plant "Liberty Wind Power 1 Limited" (LWP1) in Jhimpir, District Thatta, Sindh. LWP1 is awarded a cost-plus tariff, with the payments to be received from power purchaser backed by the sovereign guarantee. The plant successfully achieved its Commercial Operations (COD) on April 9th, 2022 and has been supplying electricity to the national grid since then. The Company operates in the regulated power sector. Comfort is drawn from entity's group association, having strong financial backing. Hydrochina International Engineering Company Limited & Hangzhou Huachen Electric Power Control Company were the EPC contractors for the project and shall also remain its O&M operators for the first two years after COD. The O&M contractor is responsible for maintaining the operational benchmarks (Availability: 97%, Capacity: 38%) and has also provided a warranty bond (10% of EPC cost) in the form of irrevocable bank guarantee for 24 months after COD. This provides additional cushion for the sustainable financial risk profile. Further, the company maintains the Debt Service Reserve Account (DSRA), which is backed by 6 months SBLCs, in total providing coverage of six months on its financial obligations till maturity. Foreign and local components of loan have a maturity of 13 and 10 years respectively with quarterly repayments started from Sep, 22. The Company has made timely repayments of its due quarterly instalments till date. The project revenues and cash flows remain exposed to wind risk due to seasonal variation in the wind speed which may affect electricity generation, and ultimately cash flows may face seasonality. However, historical wind speeds provide comfort that LWP1 would be able to generate enough cash flows to keep its financial risk manageable. FCFO's for June'23 stood at PKR 1,459 million while total receivables were recorded at PKR 1,364 million which is mainly representing unbilled billing to the Power Purchaser. The company has generated ~139 million units of electricity in FY23. LWP1 has applied for adjustment / true up in its original tariff and occasionally relies on additional financing to service its debt.

As per the Energy Purchase Agreement ("EPA") signed with the power purchaser, in case of non-project missed volumes the power purchaser shall be liable to pay the missed volumes calculated using tariff rates. The Company has adequate insurance coverage to cover the risk of business interruptions, marine & erection etc. Going forward, the capacity of the Company to generate stable cash flows in order to make timely repayments against the project debt remains crucial.

Disclosure					
Name of Rated Entity	Liberty Wind Power 1 Limited				
Type of Relationship	Solicited				
Purpose of the Rating	Entity Rating				
Applicable Criteria	Methodology Correlation Between Long-term & Short-term Rating Scales(Jul-23),Methodology Rating Modifiers(Apr-23)				
Related Research	Sector Study Power(Jan-24)				
Rating Analysts	Uswa Sikandar uswa.sikandar@pacra.com +92-42-35869504				



The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited

Profile

Plant Liberty Wind Power-1 Limited is a Renewable Energy Independent Power Producer (RE IPP) developed under the Renewable Energy Policy 2006. The company has set up 50MW wind power plant located in Jhimpir District Thatta, Sindh.

Tariff Liberty Wind Power-1 Ltd is awarded cost-plus tariff for wind power projects by NEPRA. Under NEPRA tariff determination for wind IPPs, the company has a generation tariff PKR 7.331 per Kilowatt hour (KWh) for years 1-10 and generation tariff of PKR 2.4026 per Kilowatt hour (KWh) for years 11-25. The levelized tariff for the project is US Cents 4.7824/KWh at the time of the financial close. The Company has filed the petition on March 9, 2023, for Tariff True Up / One Time Adjustment of reference tariff rate, decision on which is still awaited.

Return On Project The dollar IRR of Liberty Wind Power 1, as agreed with NEPRA, is 14%.

Ownership

Ownership Structure Liberty Wind Power-1 is majority owned by Liberty Group (Liberty Mills Limited: 99.9%).

Stability Stability in the IPPs is drawn from the agreements signed between the company and power purchaser. Stability factor is considered strong.

Business Acumen Liberty Mills Limited incorporated in February 1965, is in the business of manufacturing and processing all kinds of textile fabrics and made-ups. The group has demonstrated financial discipline throughout its history. Liberty group has gradually diversified into the power sector.

Financial Strength Sponsors have the ability to support the entity both on a continuing basis, and support in times of crisis. Financial strength of the sponsors is considered strong as sponsors have well diversified profitable businesses.

Governance

Board Structure The board is dominated by the sponsor's representatives. The company's board of directors comprises of three directors including CEO. All the board members are from Liberty Group.

Members' Profile Qualified and experienced board, providing strategic guidance to the management and ensuring quality internal control framework.

Board Effectiveness Company's board members conduct board discussions where important matters related to the plant's efficiency, and monthly budgets are discussed. The board has been actively involved in providing strategic guidance to the company and implementing strong internal control framework.

Financial Transparency Yousuf Adil Chartered Accountants are the external auditors of the company. They have expressed an unqualified opinion on the company's financial statements at end-Jun23.

Management

Organizational Structure The management team comprises qualified professionals possessing sufficient experience in various sectors. The company has a well-defined organizational structure with the CEO reporting to the board.

Management Team Mr. Azam Sakrani, the CEO, carries with him over two decades of experience in the banking and finance industry and industrial finance. Mr. Kashif Hanif, a member of the Institute of Cost and Management Accountants of Pakistan, is the CFO.

Effectiveness Over the years company's effective management played a significant role in empowering the organization through its progressive results and systematic decision making.

Control Environment The Company has appointed third party contractors for regular operations and maintenance of the plant while the management oversees day to day financial and business matters.

Operational Risk

Power Purchase Agreement Liberty Wind Power-1 has been developed under the Renewable Energy Policy 2006. EPA is with CPPA-G and has tenure of 25 years. **Operation And Maintenance** The O&M is being managed by the Construction Contractors for the first 2 years after the COD whereas the long-term O&M contractor will

be Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy (Private) Limited for 11 years. **Resource Risk** As per the EPA, Liberty Wind-1 is responsible for the availability of the complex for generation and delivery of net delivered energy. Furthermore, Liberty Wind-1 is responsible, at any time that the speed of wind at the site is within the cut in wind speed and cut out wind speed for the generation and delivery of net delivered energy.

Insurance Cover Insurance is attained for material damage, third party liability, and delay in startup affecting the profits.

Performance Risk

Industry Dynamics In FY23, Pakistan saw a notable year-on-year decline of 9.5% in power generation, with a decrease from 16,346 MW to 14,793 MW. This reduction can be attributed to lower production from various sources, with Furnace Oil (FO) experiencing a significant YoY drop of 62%, followed by coal at -22% and RLNG at -17%. The overall decline is a result of multiple factors, including the country's economic slowdown and the rise in electricity tariffs, leading to a decrease in domestic consumption.

Generation LWP1 achieved COD on 9th April 2022 and has been supplying electricity to the National Grid since then. It delivered a total of \sim 139 million units to the national grid in FY23 while a total of \sim 297 million units have been delivered since achieving COD.

Performance Benchmark The required availability for LWP1 under the EPA is 97%. Meanwhile, the capacity factor is 38%. EPC contractors will be liable to pay Liquidated Damages (LDs) as per the contract if benchmark performance ratio is not met. Capacity factor of LWP1 was reported at 32% in FY23.

Financial Risk

Financing Structure Analysis The total project cost is ~USD 63.90mln, consisting of 80% of debt (~USD 51.12ml) and 20% of equity (~USD 12.78mln). The debt financing constitutes foreign loan of USD ~25mln (3MLIBOR+4.25%) and local loan of PKR 4.9bln (SBP refinancing rate of 3%+1.5%). The local loan is eligible for refinancing under the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) Financing Scheme for Renewable Energy. The foreign loan has the maturity of 13 years while the local loan has maturity of 10 years. Both the local and foreign loan are repayable in quarterly installments. The repayment of loan started from Sep 22 and company has made 6 repayments of each loan till date.

Liquidity Profile As at end-FY23, total receivables of the company stood at PKR 1,364 million (which is mainly related to the unbilled amount). LWP1 has been receiving regular payment from the power purchaser. However, in order to deal with any unforeseen situation, the company has arranged sufficient credit facilities from the respective banks. EPA stipulates interest payment to the IPP in case of late payments.

Working Capital Financing Renewable IPPs do not have to pay for fuel which minimize their working capital needs. Nonetheless, LWP1 has secured working capital line of PKR 850 million, utilization of which stood at PKR 290 million as at June 30, 2023.

Cash Flow Analysis The stability and sustainability of cash flows of Liberty Wind Power-1 depends completely on the continuous performance of its wind turbines. LWP1 had FCFOs of PKR 1,459mln at end FY23 (FY22: 596mln) while its coverage ratio (FCFO/Finance Cost) was reported at 2.0x in June'23 (FY22: 5.6x). The company has been maintaining the Payment Service Reserve Account (PSRA), which is equivalent to two quarterly payments (6 months). PSRA is filled by 6 months SBLC.

Capitalization The targeted project debt constituted 80%(~USD51.12mln) of total estimated project cost (~USD 63.9mln). The company has been paying its principal and interest instalments as per its agreement and has successfully repaid ~8% of foreign and ~15% of local debt till date.

Power

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Liberty Wind Power 1 Ltd	Jun-23	Jun-22	Jun-21	Jun-20
ower	12M	12M	12M	12M
BALANCE SHEET				
1 Non-Current Assets	12,338	10,840	6,180	5
2 Investments	-	-	-	-
3 Related Party Exposure	-	-	-	-
4 Current Assets	2,416	2,792	1,354	1,8
a Inventories	-	-	-	-
b Trade Receivables	1,364	650	-	-
5 Total Assets	14,755	13,632	7,535	2,4
6 Current Liabilities	1,261	1,888	1,264	
a Trade Payables	1,147	1,370	1,211	
7 Borrowings	10,919	9,190	4,163	2
8 Related Party Exposure	-	208	138	
9 Non-Current Liabilities	4	4	3	
10 Net Assets	2,571	2,342	1,966	2,0
1 Shareholders' Equity	2,571	2,342	1,966	2,0
	2,371	2,342	1,700	2,0
NCOME STATEMENT				
1 Sales	1,831	677	-	
a Cost of Good Sold	(819)	(168)	-	
2 Gross Profit	1,012	509	-	
a Operating Expenses	(43)	(20)	(20)	
3 Operating Profit	969	489	(20)	
a Non Operating Income or (Expense)	42	0	(110)	
4 Profit or (Loss) before Interest and Tax	1,011	490	(130)	
a Total Finance Cost	(767)	(119)	-	
b Taxation	(15)	(1)	1	
6 Net Income Or (Loss)	228	370	(129)	
CASH FLOW STATEMENT				
a Free Cash Flows from Operations (FCFO)	1,459	596	(110)	(
b Net Cash from Operating Activities before Working Capital Changes	729	334	(110)	
c Changes in Working Capital	(1,244)	(326)	1,042	(.
1 Net Cash provided by Operating Activities	,	(520)	918	
2 Net Cash (Used in) or Available From Investing Activities	(515) 50			(2
		(3,855)	(5,592)	(:
3 Net Cash (Used in) or Available From Financing Activities	(748)	4,383	4,073	2,1
4 Net Cash generated or (Used) during the period	(1,213)	536	(601)	1,
ATIO ANALYSIS				
1 Performance				
a Sales Growth (for the period)	170.5%	N/A	N/A	N/A
b Gross Profit Margin	55.3%	75.2%	N/A	N/A
c Net Profit Margin	12.5%	54.7%	N/A	N/A
d Cash Conversion Efficiency (FCFO adjusted for Working Capital/Sales)	11.7%	39.8%	N/A	N/A
e Return on Equity [Net Profit Margin * Asset Turnover * (Total Assets/Sk	9.2%	20.4%	N/A	N/A
2 Working Capital Management				
a Gross Working Capital (Average Days)	201	350	N/A	N/A
b Net Working Capital (Average Days)	-50	-345	N/A	N/A
c Current Ratio (Current Assets / Current Liabilities)	1.9	1.5	1.1	77.7
3 Coverages				
a EBITDA / Finance Cost	2.0	5.6	N/A	N/A
b FCFO / Finance Cost+CMLTB+Excess STB	0.8	0.5	-1.3	N/A
c Debt Payback (Total Borrowings+Excess STB) / (FCFO-Finance Cost)	14.3	19.0	-39.2	-19.5
4 Capital Structure				
a Total Borrowings / (Total Borrowings+Shareholders' Equity)	80.9%	80.0%	68.6%	13.1%
b Interest or Markup Payable (Days)	22.2	159.8	N/A	N/A
c Entity Average Borrowing Rate	7.4%	1.5%	0.0%	0.0%
e Linny Iverage Dorrowing Nate	7.770	1.570	0.070	0.070



Non-Banking Finance Companies Rating Criteria

Scale

Short-term Rating Definition The highest capacity for timely repayment. A strong capacity for timely repayment. A satisfactory capacity for timely repayment. This may be susceptible to adverse changes in business, economic, or financial conditions. An adequate capacity for timely repayment. Such capacity is susceptible to adverse changes in business, economic, or financial The capacity for timely repayment is more susceptible to adverse changes in business, economic, or financial conditions. Liquidity may not be sufficient. Short-term Rating

A1+

AAA AA+ AA AA-A+ Α A٠ BBB+ **BBB** BBB-BB+ BB BB-B+ в Bссс CC

A1

A2

A3

A4

Credit Rating

Credit rating reflects forward-looking opinion on credit worthiness of underlying entity or instrument; more specifically it covers relative ability to honor financial obligations. The primary factor being captured on the rating scale is relative likelihood of default.

	Long-term Rating			
cale	Definition			
AAA	Highest credit quality. Lowest expectation of credit risk. Indicate exceptionally stro capacity for timely payment of financial commitments			
A +				
A	Very high credit quality. Very low expectation of credit risk. Indicate very strong capacity for timely payment of financial commitments. This capacity is not significantly vulnerable to foreseeable events.			
AA-				
A+				
A	High credit quality. Low expectation of credit risk. The capacity for timely payment of financial commitments is considered strong. This capacity may, nevertheless, be vulnerable to changes in circumstances or in economic conditions.			
A-				
BB+				
BBB	Good credit quality. Currently a low expectation of credit risk. The capacity for timely payment of financial commitments is considered adequate, but adverse changes in circumstances and in economic conditions are more likely to impair this capacity.			
BBB-				
B +	Moderate risk. Possibility of credit risk developing. There is a possibility of credit risk			
BB	developing, particularly as a result of adverse economic or business changes over time; however, business or financial alternatives may be available to allow financial commitments to be met.			
BB-				
B+	TT-1			
B	High credit risk. A limited margin of safety remains against credit risk. Financial commitments are currently being met; however, capacity for continued payment is contingent upon a sustained, favorable business and economic environment.			
B-				
CC	Very high credit risk. Substantial credit risk "CCC" Default is a real possibility.			
CC	Capacity for meeting financial commitments is solely reliant upon sustained, favorable business or economic developments. "CC" Rating indicates that default of some kind appears probable. "C" Ratings signal imminent default.			
С	appears probable. C Ratings signal infinitent defauit.			
D	Obligations are currently in default.			

*The correlation shown is indicative and, in certain cases, may not hold.

Outlook (Stable, Positive,	Rating Watch Alerts to the	Suspension It is not	Withdrawn A rating is	Harmonization A
Negative, Developing) Indicates	possibility of a rating change	possible to update an	withdrawn on a)	change in rating due to
the potential and direction of a	subsequent to, or, in	opinion due to lack	termination of rating	revision in applicable
rating over the intermediate term in	anticipation of some material	of requisite	mandate, b) the debt	methodology or
response to trends in economic	identifiable event with	information. Opinion	instrument is	underlying scale.
and/or fundamental	indeterminable rating	should be resumed in	redeemed, c) the rating	
business/financial conditions. It is	implications. But it does not	foreseeable future.	remains suspended for	
not necessarily a precursor to a	mean that a rating change is	However, if this	six months, d) the	
rating change. 'Stable' outlook	inevitable. A watch should be	does not happen	entity/issuer defaults.,	
means a rating is not likely to	resolved within foreseeable	within six (6)	or/and e) PACRA finds	
change. 'Positive' means it may be	future, but may continue if	months, the rating	it impractical to surveill	
raised. 'Negative' means it may be	underlying circumstances are	should be considered	the opinion due to lack	
lowered. Where the trends have	not settled. Rating watch may	withdrawn.	of requisite	
conflicting elements, the outlook	accompany rating outlook of		information.	
may be described as 'Developing'.	the respective opinion.			

Surveillance. Surveillance on a publicly disseminated rating opinion is carried out on an ongoing basis till it is formally suspended or withdrawn. A comprehensive surveillance of rating opinion is carried out at least once every six months. However, a rating opinion may be reviewed in the intervening period if it is necessitated by any material happening.

Note. This scale is applicable to the following methodology(s): a)	Broker E
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- a) Broker Entity Ratingb) Corporate Rating
 - c) Debt Instrument Ratingd) Financial Institution Rating
- e) Holding Company Rating
- f) Independent Power Producer Ratingg) Microfinance Institution Rating
- h) Non-Banking Finance Companies Rating

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ii. PACRA, the analysts involved in the rating process and members of its rating committee, and their family members, do not have any conflict of interest relating to the rating done by them | Chapter III; 12-2-(e) & (k)

iii. The analyst is not a substantial shareholder of the customer being rated by PACRA [Annexure F; d-(ii)] Explanation: for the purpose of above clause, the term "family members" shall include only those family members who are dependent on the analyst and members of the rating committee

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(6) PACRA fulfills its obligations in a fair, efficient, transparent and ethical manner and renders high standards of services in performing its functions and obligations; | Chapter III; 11-A-(a)

(7) PACRA uses due care in preparation of this Rating Report. Our information has been obtained from sources we consider to be reliable but its accuracy or completeness is not guaranteed. PACRA does not, in every instance, independently verifies or validates information received in the rating process or in preparing this Rating Report | Clause 11-(A)(p).

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(11) PACRA promptly investigates, in the event of a misconduct or a breach of the policies, procedures and controls, and takes appropriate steps to rectify any weaknesses to prevent any recurrence along with suitable punitive action against the responsible employee(s) | Chapter III; 11-B-(m)

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Monitoring and review

(18) PACRA monitors all the outstanding ratings continuously and any potential change therein due to any event associated with the issuer, the security arrangement, the industry etc., is disseminated to the market, immediately and in effective manner, after appropriate consultation with the entity/issuer; | Chapter III | 17-(a)

(19) PACRA reviews all the outstanding ratings periodically, on annual basis; Provided that public dissemination of annual review and, in an instance of change in rating will be made; | Chapter III | 17-(b)

(20) PACRA initiates immediate review of the outstanding rating upon becoming aware of any information that may reasonably be expected to result in downgrading of the rating; | Chapter III | 17-(c)

(21) PACRA engages with the issuer and the debt securities trustee, to remain updated on all information pertaining to the rating of the

entity/instrument;| Chapter III | 17-(d)

Probability of Default

(22) PACRA's Rating Scale reflects the expectation of credit risk. The highest rating has the lowest relative likelihood of default (i.e., probability). PACRA's transition studies capture the historical performance behavior of a specific rating notch. Transition behavior of the assigned rating can be obtained from PACRA's Transition Study available at our website. (www.pacra.com). However, actual transition of rating may not follow the pattern observed in the past; | Chapter III | 14-3(f)(vii)

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