

The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited

Rating Report

NIMIR Industrial Chemicals Limited

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Rating History					
Dissemination Date	Long Term Rating	Short Term Rating	Outlook	Action	Rating Watch
12-Jul-2024	A+	A1	Stable	Maintain	-
14-Jul-2023	A+	A1	Stable	Maintain	-
16-Jul-2022	A+	A1	Stable	Maintain	-
17-Jul-2021	A+	A1	Stable	Maintain	-
18-Jul-2020	A+	A1	Stable	Maintain	-
20-Jul-2019	A+	A1	Stable	Upgrade	-
18-Jan-2019	А	A1	Stable	Maintain	-
19-Jul-2018	А	A1	Stable	Initial	-

Rating Rationale and Key Rating Drivers

NIMIR Industrial Chemicals Limited ("NICL" or "the Company") specializes in the manufacturing and sales of oleo chemicals and chlor alkali products which includes Soap Noodle, Stearic acid, Glycerin caustic soda, and a variety of industrial chemicals. In addition to this the Company also provides toll manufacturing services for the production of Toilet Soaps, Aerosol, Personal Care Products and Home Care Products. The ratings reflect the firm's strong presence in the chemical industry driven by a diversified product portfolio that benefits clients, mostly renowned multinational FMCGs. Currently, the country is grappling with several macroeconomic challenges, including high inflation, rising interest rates, disruptions in global supply chains, and depreciation of the currency. These factors have collectively eroded consumer buying power and increased economic uncertainty. Additionally, regional geopolitical tensions have temporarily altered consumer buying preferences. These factors led to a decrease in volumes related to the oleochemicals and blending segments; however, revenue was supported by price inflation. During 9MFY24 NICL's top-line recorded at ~PKR 32,907mln (9MFY23: ~PKR 34,024mln) registering a meager decline of ~3.3%. The company maintained stable gross and operating margins through several cost-efficiency initiatives, such as commissioning a 20MW power plant, production and sale of Chlorinated Paraffin Wax (import substitution), and expansion in Chlor Alkali segment. Moreover, an effective pricing strategy indexed to dollar rates helped hedge against exchange rate risks associated with raw material imports. However, net profitability declined mainly due to surge in finance costs. Going Forward, the Company announced the acquisition of production facility situated in Hub Balochistan from Protector & Gamble Pakistan Private Limited (P&G). This strategic decision is expected to enhance the company's capacity to cater the demand of its customers (MNCs) and its presence in the southern region. The acquisition is anticipated to generate synergies and create new export opportunities. The Company's financial risk profile is characterized by moderate coverages, cashflows and working capital cycle. The capital structure is leveraged, where borrowings comprise a mix of short-term for working capital management and long-term for CAPEX.

The ratings are dependent on sustaining margins and profitability in line with business expansion. Prudent management of working capital and retaining strong coverages are critical. Successful expansion and translation of the same in revenues is important.

Disclosure				
Name of Rated Entity	NIMIR Industrial Chemicals Limited			
Type of Relationship	Solicited			
Purpose of the Rating	Entity Rating			
Applicable Criteria	Methodology Correlation Between Long-term & Short-term Rating Scales(Jul-23),Methodology Rating Modifiers(Apr-24),Methodology Corporate Rating(Jul-23)			
Related Research	Sector Study Chemical(Jul-23)			
Rating Analysts	Sohail Ahmed Qureshi sohail.ahmed@pacra.com +92-42-35869504			



The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited

Profile

Legal Structure Nimir Industrial Chemicals Limited(NICL) was incorporated in Pakistan in February 1994 as a public limited company and got listed in the Pakistan Stock Exchange (PSX) in 1996.

Background Nimir Industrial Chemicals Limited was initially known as "Ravi Alkalis" – a Private Limited company. The company was acquired by Nimir Group in 1994 after which its name was changed to Nimir Industrial Chemicals Limited.

Operations The Company is involved in the manufacturing and sale of oleo chemicals and chlor alkali products including distilled fatty acid (DFA), soap noodles, stearic acid, glycerin, caustic soda, Aerosol cans and a variety of industrial chemicals, operating with one manufacturing plant located at Faisalabad Road – 14.8 km from Sheikhupura.

Ownership

Ownership Structure Major shareholding of the Company used to vest with Nimir Resources Private Limited – the group's holding company founded by five individuals who took over the Company in 2011 as part of management. However, now the ownership vests with the sponsors individually i.e. Zafar Mehmood (~19.5%), Khalid Qazi (~11.4%), Umer Iqbal (~6.6%), and Executives Aamir Jamil (5.2%) & Imran Afzal (~9.6%).

Stability Executive Directors, have strong knowledge of the industry and extensive experience in relevant fields and have the power to direct relevant activities of the Company. Business roles are equally divided among the Sponsors and the agreements are legally documented.

Business Acumen The business acumen of the Sponsors in relation to the related business is considered strong since most of the Sponsors are pioneers of the Nimir Group and have been associated with it since its inception i.e. 1994. They possess extensive knowledge and exposure to the industry. The skills level of the sponsors is reflected in healthy financial performance indicators which is evident from the steady growth of the business since its takeover by the current stakeholders

Financial Strength Nimir Group constitutes Nimir Industrial Chemicals Limited, Nimir Resins Limited, Nimir Chemcoats (Pvt) Ltd & Nimir Energy Limited (acquired recently from Sunsation Energy (Pvt) Ltd) which are involved in profit-making business activities

Governance

Board Structure The governance structure is designed to keep the Company compliant with the Code of Corporate Governance (CCG) for listed entities; the Board consisted of nine members, out of which three members are executive, one non-executive, three independent directors and one nominee Director from PBICL.

Members' Profile Members of the board have a good mix of skills and experience. The Chairman, Mr. Saeed-uz-Zaman holds a degree in Electrical Engineering from University of Engineering and Technology Lahore. He has extensive experience in senior management positions both in the public and private sectors.

Board Effectiveness The Board has two sub-committees namely Audit Committee and Human Resource and Remuneration Committee. During the period, several boards, Audit Committee and HR & Remuneration Committee meetings were held. Attendance recorded in all the meetings was satisfactory.

Financial Transparency EY Ford Rhodes Chartered Accountants – one of the big four firms, are the External Auditors of the Company. They expressed an unqualified opinion on the Company's financial statements for the periods ending June 2023.

Management

Organizational Structure The Company operates through nine departments, each headed by an experienced manager. These departments include (i) Production (ii) Marketing & sales (iii) Accounts and Finance (iv) Human Resource and Admin (v) Supply Chain (vi) Information Technology (vii) Research & Development (viii)Quality Control & (ix) Quality Assurance.

Management Team The CEO, Mr. Zafar Mehmood, is a fellow of the Institute of Cost & Management Accountants of Pakistan since 1991. He has over ~31 years of experience and has been associated with Nimir group for over ~23 years. Mr. Khalid Qazi, the Director Finance, is an MBA and has been associated with the group for~28 years.

Effectiveness Senior management meetings are conducted regularly for discussion and decision-making purposes. In addition, weekly management meetings are also held in which performance and targets of all the concerned departments are discussed in detail.

MIS SAP Business One installed as MIS for provision of reliable financial system and reporting is assessed. Highly automated manufacturing and operational procedures transpire into operational efficiencies. This management application was installed in July-2012 by External Vendor – Abacus Consulting and is annually updated based on Annual Maintenance Contract with them.

Control Environment The control environment is strengthened by the role of the Internal Audit department provides periodic detailed reports to the Audit Committee for review and assessment and to take necessary remedial actions, where needed. Separate Internal Audit reports for each financial process, including inventory management, payroll, procurement, accounts receivables and accounts payable along with the risk rating matrix for each process are prepared and shared with the Audit Committee.

Business Risk

Industry Dynamics Various dimensions to the industry are conceived because of the diversity in the product range that Nimir Industrial offers and the number of markets it caters. The products are broadly categorized into (i) oleo chemicals and (ii) chlor-alkali products. In oleo chemicals, Nimir primarily produces stearic acid and distilled fatty acids (DFAs), which are further refined to be used in soap noodles and eventually formed into toilet soaps. Stearic acid is supplied to a variety of industries for use as raw material such as pharmaceuticals, textile, polishing, tiles, etc. Glycerin is also produced as a by-product of the process. With regards to this side of the business, Nimir Industrial is uniquely placed to monopolize the supply of quality fatty acids and toilet soaps to all leading multinational FMCG companies operating in Pakistan. This position is achieved on the backdrop of advanced soap manufacturing technology installed by the Company. Other local producers of toilet soaps are not directly in competition because their target market is anchored differently from Nimir which serves to the top niche segment of the society

Relative Position NICL has captured the majority market share in the chemical industry. The company is considered a pioneer in new technologies in Pakistan and introduced oleo-chemicals, soap noodles, international-scale soap finishing and aerosols.

Revenues The company offers a diverse range of products and services. In 9MFY24, it generated revenues of ~PKR 32,907mln, (FY23: ~PKR 43,826mln). During this period, the company encountered challenges due to the economic environment, notably rising inflation and decreased consumer spending power, which impacted its core business of oleo chemicals.

Margins During 9MFY24, the company's gross profit margin remained consistent at 14.7% (FY23: ~14.6%). The operating profit margin of the company stood at 12.1% (FY23: 12.6%). Net profit of the company witnessed a decline in 9MFY24 and stood at 2.4% (FY23:4.2%). This decline was primarily due to high finance costs.

Sustainability The company has completed all major projects initiated in recent years. Last year, the company added new liquid chlorine and chlorinated paraffin wax plants. All these new projects are now in commercial operation and are expected to enhance the company's financial performance.

Financial Risk

Working Capital In 9MFY24, the inventory days of Nimir Industrial Chemical stood at 64 days (FY23: 67 days). Meanwhile, in 9MFY24, trade receivable days increased to 51 days (FY23: 47days). Gross working capital days reached 115 days (FY23: 114 days). The trade payable days during 9MFY24 remained consistent at ~11 days (FY23: 10 days). Resultantly net working capital days clocked in at 104 days (FY23:103 days).

Coverages The company's FCFO reached PKR 3,629mln during 9MFY24 (FY23: PKR 5,122mln). The interest coverage ratio clocked at 1.7x in 9MFY24(FY23: 2.4x). Furthermore, the debt coverage ratio reached 0.9x (FY23: 1.3x).

Capitalization Nimir Industries Chemical has leveraged a capital structure of ~70% as of 9MFY24. The Company has total borrowings of PKR 19,080mln (FY23: PKR 19,543mln), which includes (STB) of PKR 12,864mln.

Chemicals

CRA				
The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited			a	ncial Summary PKR mln
Nimir Industrial Chemicals Limited	Dec-23	Jun-23	Jun-22	Jun-21
CHEMICAL	6M	12M	12M	12M
A BALANCE SHEET				
1 Non-Current Assets	13,737	13,915	12,376	5,584
2 Investments	-	-	-	-
3 Related Party Exposure	233	242	217	217
4 Current Assets	18,210	17,265	17,535	10,468
a Inventories	8,942	8,218	7,823	5,951
b Trade Receivables	5,679	5,166	6,220	3,227
5 Total Assets	32,180	31,422	30,128	16,269
6 Current Liabilities	1,909	2,803	3,312	2,811
a Trade Payables	746	1,363	<i>1,291</i> 20.045	611
7 Borrowings	21,067 5	19,543	- ,	8,205
8 Related Party Exposure	-	10	15	15
9 Non-Current Liabilities 10 Net Assets	1,156	1,218	592	315
	8,043	7,848	6,164 6,179	4,924
11 Shareholders' Equity	8,043	/,848	0,179	4,924
B INCOME STATEMENT	20.525	12.02.6	22 50 6	22.004
1 Sales	20,625	43,826	33,786	23,094
a Cost of Good Sold	(17,675)	(37,412)	(29,495)	(19,543)
2 Gross Profit	2,950	6,413	4,290	3,551
a Operating Expenses	(534)	(892)	(605)	(498)
3 Operating Profit	2,416	5,521	3,685	3,053
a Non Operating Income or (Expense)	135	(32)	(93)	(192)
4 Profit or (Loss) before Interest and Tax	2,551	5,489	3,593	2,861
a Total Finance Cost	(1,918)	(2,699)	(1,127)	(464)
b Taxation 6 Net Income Or (Loss)	(217) 416	(952)	(870)	(702) 1,694
C CASH FLOW STATEMENT	2 2 10	5 122	2 971	2 0 4 4
a Free Cash Flows from Operations (FCFO)	2,219	5,122	2,871	2,944
b Net Cash from Operating Activities before Working Capital	509	2,371	2,055	2,544
c Changes in Working Capital	(1,528)	(0)	(6,029) (3,074)	(3,438)
 Net Cash provided by Operating Activities Net Cash (Used in) or Available From Investing Activities 	(1,019)	2,371	(3,974)	(894) (2,259)
3 Net Cash (Used in) of Available From Financing Activities	(197) 1,300	(1,732) (683)	(7,279) 11,454	3,110
4 Net Cash generated or (Used) during the period	84	(45)	202	(43)
D RATIO ANALYSIS 1 Performance				
a Sales Growth (for the period)	-5.9%	29.7%	46.3%	34.5%
b Gross Profit Margin	14.3%	14.6%	12.7%	15.4%
c Net Profit Margin	2.0%	4.2%	4.7%	7.3%
d Cash Conversion Efficiency (FCFO adjusted for Working C	3.4%	11.7%	-9.3%	-2.1%
e Return on Equity [Net Profit Margin * Asset Turnover * (To 2 Working Capital Management	10.5%	26.2%	28.7%	39.6%
a Gross Working Capital (Average Days)	124	114	125	118
		103	115	106
b Net Working Capital (Average Days) c Current Ratio (Current Assets / Current Liabilities)	115 9.5	6.2	5.3	3.7
3 Coverages	9.5	0.2	5.5	5.7
a EBITDA / Finance Cost	1.5	2.4	3.7	8.2
b FCFO / Finance Cost+CMLTB+Excess STB	0.9	1.3	1.9	3.3
c Debt Payback (Total Borrowings+Excess STB) / (FCFO-Fin	10.0	2.9	3.9	0.9
4 Capital Structure a Total Porrowings ((Total Porrowings Sharaholdars' Fauit	72 404	71.3%	76.4%	62.5%
a Total Borrowings / (Total Borrowings+Shareholders' Equit b Interest or Markup Payable (Days)	72.4% 70.0	86.8	118.4	81.2
c Entity Average Borrowing Rate	20.0%	13.7%	7.3%	7.8%
e Enny Incluse Dorrowing Male	20.070	1.5.1 /0	1.370	7.070

Corporate Rating Criteria

Scale

Short-term Rating

Definition The highest capacity for timely repayment.

A strong capacity for timely

repayment. A satisfactory capacity for timely repayment. This may be susceptible to

adverse changes in business. economic, or financial conditions An adequate capacity for timely repayment.

Such capacity is susceptible to adverse changes in business, economic, or financial The capacity for timely repayment is more susceptible to adverse changes in business,

economic, or financial conditions. Liquidity may not be sufficient. Short-term Rating **A1**

A1+

AAA AA+AA AA- \mathbf{A} + A

A-BBB-BBB BBB-BB+ BB BB \mathbf{R} + В B-CCC CC С

A2

A3

Credit Rating

Credit rating reflects forward-looking opinion on credit worthiness of underlying entity or instrument; more specifically it covers relative ability to honor financial obligations. The primary factor being captured on the rating scale is relative likelihood of default.

	Long-term Rating		
cale	Definition		
AAA	Highest credit quality. Lowest expectation of credit risk. Indicate exceptionally strong capacity for timely payment of financial commitments		
A +			
AA	Very high credit quality. Very low expectation of credit risk. Indicate very strong capacity for timely payment of financial commitments. This capacity is not significantly vulnerable to foreseeable events.		
AA-			
A+			
A	High credit quality. Low expectation of credit risk. The capacity for timely payment of financial commitments is considered strong. This capacity may, nevertheless, be vulnerable to changes in circumstances or in economic conditions.		
A-			
BB+			
BBB	Good credit quality. Currently a low expectation of credit risk. The capacity for timely payment of financial commitments is considered adequate, but adverse changes in circumstances and in economic conditions are more likely to impair this capacity.		
BBB-			
BB+	Moderate risk. Possibility of credit risk developing. There is a possibility of credit risk		
BB	developing, particularly as a result of adverse economic or business changes over time; however, business or financial alternatives may be available to allow financial commitments to be met.		
BB-			
B+			
В	High credit risk. A limited margin of safety remains against credit risk. Financial commitments are currently being met; however, capacity for continued payment is contingent upon a sustained, favorable business and economic environment.		
B-			
CCC	Very high credit risk. Substantial credit risk "CCC" Default is a real possibility.		
CC	Capacity for meeting financial commitments is solely reliant upon sustained, favorable business or economic developments. "CC" Rating indicates that default of some kind		
С	appears probable. "C" Ratings signal imminent default.		
D	Obligations are currently in default.		

CRA

*The correlation shown is indicative and, in certain cases, may not hold.

Outlook (Stable, Positive, Negative, Developing) Indicates the potential and direction of a rating over the intermediate term in response to trends in economic and/or fundamental business/financial conditions. It is not necessarily a precursor to a rating change. 'Stable' outlook means a rating is not likely to change. 'Positive' means it may be raised. 'Negative' means it may be lowered. Where the trends have conflicting elements, the outlook may be described as 'Developing'.	Rating Watch Alerts to the possibility of a rating change subsequent to, or, in anticipation of some material identifiable event with indeterminable rating implications. But it does not mean that a rating change is inevitable. A watch should be resolved within foreseeable future, but may continue if underlying circumstances are not settled. Rating watch may accompany rating outlook of the respective opinion.	Suspension It is not possible to update an opinion due to lack of requisite information. Opinion should be resumed in foreseeable future. However, if this does not happen within six (6) months, the rating should be considered withdrawn.	Withdrawn A rating is withdrawn on a) termination of rating mandate, b) the debt instrument is redeemed, c) the rating remains suspended for six months, d) the entity/issuer defaults., or/and e) PACRA finds it impractical to surveill the opinion due to lack of requisite information.	Harmonization A change in rating due to revision in applicable methodology or underlying scale.
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Surveillance. Surveillance on a publicly disseminated rating opinion is carried out on an ongoing basis till it is formally suspended or withdrawn. A comprehensive surveillance of rating opinion is carried out at least once every six months. However, a rating opinion may be reviewed in the intervening period if it is necessitated by any material happening.

Note. This scale is applicable to the following methodology(s):

- a) Broker Entity Rating
- b) Corporate Rating
 - c) Debt Instrument Rating d) Financial Institution Rating
- e) Holding Company Rating
- f) Independent Power Producer Rating
- g) Microfinance Institution Rating h) Non-Banking Finance Companies Rating

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(1) Rating is just an opinion about the creditworthiness of the entity and does not constitute recommendation to buy, hold or sell any security of the entity rated or to buy, hold or sell the security rated, as the case may be | Chapter III; 14-3-(x)

2) Conflict of Interest

i. The Rating Team or any of their family members have no interest in this rating | Chapter III; 12-2-(j)

ii. PACRA, the analysts involved in the rating process and members of its rating committee, and their family members, do not have any conflict of interest relating to the rating done by them | Chapter III; 12-2-(e) & (k)

iii. The analyst is not a substantial shareholder of the customer being rated by PACRA [Annexure F; d-(ii)] Explanation: for the purpose of above clause, the term "family members" shall include only those family members who are dependent on the analyst and members of the rating committee

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(4) PACRA does not disclose or discuss with outside parties or make improper use of the non-public information which has come to its knowledge during business relationship with the customer | Chapter III; 10-7-(d)

(5) PACRA does not make proposals or recommendations regarding the activities of rated entities that could impact a credit rating of entity subject to rating | Chapter III; 10-7-(k)

Conduct of Business

(6) PACRA fulfills its obligations in a fair, efficient, transparent and ethical manner and renders high standards of services in performing its functions and obligations; | Chapter III; 11-A-(a)

(7) PACRA uses due care in preparation of this Rating Report. Our information has been obtained from sources we consider to be reliable but its accuracy or completeness is not guaranteed. PACRA does not, in every instance, independently verifies or validates information received in the rating process or in preparing this Rating Report | Clause 11-(A)(p).

(8) PACRA prohibits its employees and analysts from soliciting money, gifts or favors from anyone with whom PACRA conducts business | Chapter III; 11-A-(q)

(9) PACRA ensures before commencement of the rating process that an analyst or employee has not had a recent employment or other significant business or personal relationship with the rated entity that may cause or may be perceived as causing a conflict of interest; | Chapter III; 11-A-(r) (10) PACRA maintains principal of integrity in seeking rating business | Chapter III; 11-A-(u)

(11) PACRA promptly investigates, in the event of a misconduct or a breach of the policies, procedures and controls, and takes appropriate steps to rectify any weaknesses to prevent any recurrence along with suitable punitive action against the responsible employee(s) | Chapter III; 11-B-(m)

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(12) PACRA receives compensation from the entity being rated or any third party for the rating services it offers. The receipt of this compensation has no influence on PACRA's opinions or other analytical processes. In all instances, PACRA is committed to preserving the objectivity, integrity and independence of its ratings. Our relationship is governed by two distinct mandates i) rating mandate - signed with the entity being rated or issuer of the debt instrument, and fee mandate - signed with the payer, which can be different from the entity

(13) PACRA does not provide consultancy/advisory services or other services to any of its customers or to any of its customers' associated companies and associated undertakings that is being rated or has been rated by it during the preceding three years unless it has adequate mechanism in place ensuring that provision of such services does not lead to a conflict of interest situation with its rating activities; | Chapter III; 12-2-(d)

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(15) PACRA ensures that the rating assigned to an entity or instrument is not be affected by the existence of a business relationship between PACRA and the entity or any other party, or the non-existence of such a relationship | Chapter III; 12-2-(i)

(16) PACRA ensures that the analysts or any of their family members shall not buy or sell or engage in any transaction in any security which falls in the analyst's area of primary analytical responsibility. This clause shall, however, not be applicable on investment in securities through collective investment schemes. | Chapter III; 12-2-(1)

(17) PACRA has established policies and procedure governing investments and trading in securities by its employees and for monitoring the same to prevent insider trading, market manipulation or any other market abuse | Chapter III; 11-B-(g)

Monitoring and review

(18) PACRA monitors all the outstanding ratings continuously and any potential change therein due to any event associated with the issuer, the security arrangement, the industry etc., is disseminated to the market, immediately and in effective manner, after appropriate consultation with the entity/issuer; | Chapter III | 17-(a)

(19) PACRA reviews all the outstanding ratings periodically, on annual basis; Provided that public dissemination of annual review and, in an instance of change in rating will be made; | Chapter III | 17-(b)

(20) PACRA initiates immediate review of the outstanding rating upon becoming aware of any information that may reasonably be expected to result in downgrading of the rating; | Chapter III | 17-(c)

(21) PACRA engages with the issuer and the debt securities trustee, to remain updated on all information pertaining to the rating of the

entity/instrument;| Chapter III | 17-(d)

Probability of Default

(22) PACRA's Rating Scale reflects the expectation of credit risk. The highest rating has the lowest relative likelihood of default (i.e., probability). PACRA's transition studies capture the historical performance behavior of a specific rating notch. Transition behavior of the assigned rating can be obtained from PACRA's Transition Study available at our website. (www.pacra.com). However, actual transition of rating may not follow the pattern observed in the past; | Chapter III | 14-3(f)(vii)

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