

The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited

Rating Report

Usmani International Associates (Pvt.) Limited

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Poster Western								
Rating History								
Dissemination Date	Long Term Rating	Short Term Rating	Outlook	Action	Rating Watch			
28-Dec-2019	BB+	A3	Stable	Downgrade	1			
28-Jun-2019	BBB-	A2	Stable	Maintain	-			
31-Dec-2018	BBB-	A2	Stable	Maintain	-			
30-Jun-2018	BBB-	A2	Stable	Initial	-			

Rating Rationale and Key Rating Drivers

Usmani International Associates (UIA) has been operating in the construction industry for the last many decades. The governance framework is expected to evolve, going forward. The reported profitability in terms of gross margin is adequate, though operational efficiency needs to be harnessed. The topline has shown decline after three years of continuous growth, having impact on the ratings. Construction business is dependent on award of public works and initiatives taken by the private sector, muted activity is witnessed therein. The control environment may be strengthened by harnessing the audit quality and adopting quarterly accounts. The audited accounts of the company for FY18 reflect sustained business and financial risk profile of the entity. The audit for FY19 is yet to be concluded. The time being taken is a concern.

The ratings are dependent upon the sustained positioning of the company in the industry. Adherence to sound financial discipline while strengthening debt servicing capacity is pivotal for the ratings. Improving governance and control environment is also important.

Disclosure				
Name of Rated Entity	Usmani International Associates (Pvt.) Limited			
Type of Relationship	Solicited			
Purpose of the Rating	Entity Rating			
Applicable Criteria	Methodology Corporate Ratings(Jun-19),Methodology Correlation Between Long-Term And Short-Term Rating Scale(Jun-19),Criteria Rating Modifier(Jun-19)			
Related Research	Sector Study Construction(Mar-19)			
Rating Analysts	Usama Liaquat usama.liaquat@pacra.com +92-42-35869504			



The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited

Construction

Profile

Legal Structure Usmani International Associates (UIA) is a private limited company, incorporated in 1988.

Background Engr. Ahmed Ghazal Usmani established UIA, after having worked in his family's construction business, Indus Engineers, which was established in 1960s. Indus Engineers mainly confined their business activities with oil & gas fields but Usmani Associates adopted a diversified scope and further ventured into new avenues. In view of the expanding business and aspirations of international exposure, Usmani Associates was transformed to Usmani International Associates (Private) Limited.

Operations The company is capable of handling projects related to all sorts of civil engineering works, such as Roads & Highways, Bridges, Industrial Complexes, Oil & Gas Installations, Electrical Grids and Power Stations, Residential & Commercial Buildings, Public Health Works, and Infrastructure, etc.

Ownership

Ownership Structure Usmani International Associates is wholly owned and managed by the family of ex-CEO, Mr. Ahmed Ghazal Usmani, with 84.33% ownership stake while the remaining 0.67% and 15% shares are owned by his wife, Mrs. Razda Rana Ghazal Usmani and daughter Ms. Amna Ghazal Usmani respectively. Mr. Ahmed Ghazal Usmani passed away on July 30, 2019, shares held by him are in succession process.

Stability After the death of Mr. Ahmed G Usmani UIA needs to have a formal succession planning in place so that future prospects are taken care of in the hour of need with respect to the ownership structure and management of the Company.

Business Acumen Newly appointed CEO/MD, daughter of ex-CEO, Ms. Amna G. Usmani has been associated with the company for 7 years.

Financial Strength The sponsors have an adequate financial profile with shareholding in multiple companies, including Usmani Associates and Usmani-Reliable JV.

Governance

Board Structure The Company has a two member board. The overall governance matters are overseen by the Ms. Amna Usmani after demise of her father Mr. Ahmad Usmani on July 30, 2019. Ms. Amna was promoted to CEO/ MD on July 11, 2019. UIA needs to include more people on the board so that the strategic matters and governance matters of the company are looked after properly. The family on the basis of their solid experience in the construction industry governs the company.

Members' Profile The CEO Ms. Amna Usmani, has experience of 7 years in the construction industry, while his wife has 13 years association with the Board.

Board Effectiveness The Board has only two members and in comparison to established corporates, the governance model is weak and needs improvement. Although the company has an internal audit function which reports to the CFO.

Financial Transparency M. Akhtar & Co Chartered Accountants is the external auditor of the company. The auditor has expressed an unqualified opinion on UIAs financial statements for the year ended June 30th 2018. Audit for the year ended June 30th, 2019 is yet to be concluded.

Management

Organizational Structure UIA is working with four key functions namely (i) Finance, (ii) Legal Operations, (iii) Project Management, (iv) Technical and (v) Construction & Coordination, reporting to the MD.

Management Team Ms. Amna G. Usmani-CEO, is the executional lead who oversees the business and all the matters pertaining to local clients. Mr Farrukh W Usmani – CFO / Head of Procurement, has been associated with UIA for 27 years and looks after the matters pertaining to administration and finance including credit, liaison with banks, and Letters of Credits (LCs). The internal audit function also reports to him. The elder sister of CEO, Ms. Saadiya G Usmani, is the Head of Strategy and Development, who provides pivotal support to the CEO.

Effectiveness The company has a flat organizational structure with the sponsors looking after the day to day operations, UIA needs to have formal management committees in place which can monitor performance and assure the adherence to the policies and procedures.

MIS UIA is currently using a customized accounting software from Bizcore Solutions for its book keeping and accounting needs. They also use Primavera, MS Project, Heavy Bid, and AutoCad which are industry specific software. UIA's IT team does a complete backup of data once a week and stores it on the cloud server.

Control Environment UIA adheres to strict quality control standards as it is the need of the construction industry. The company's MIS generates reports for the Board and the Management, whereas the project management module is used on a regular basis which keeps track of all the elements related to specific projects.

Business Risk

Industry Dynamics Construction sector's share in GDP in FY18 was 2.82% against a share of 2.74% last year. This sector has witnessed a growth of ~9% against a growth of ~10% last year, as many CPEC related projects were ongoing during 2016-17. For FY19 the Federal Government has allocated PKR ~800 bln under PSDP spending, and considering 70% utilization history. As PMs' ambitious plan to build 5 million houses goes through, it would provide a major impetus to the debilitating construction industry.

Relative Position Out of the 10,000+ firms registered with Pakistan Engineering Council as Constructors / Operators, only ~100 (1%) hold the prestigious CA category (no limit) license which enables them to be on the pre-qualifying list of approved constructors. Usmani International Associates, holding the CA category license caters to a niche in the market

Revenues UIA is primarily engaged in building works and infrastructure projects under public sector development programs (PSDP). UIA's revenue stream is primarily concentrated in PSDP projects, and should diversify its revenue mix with some real estate development projects. UIA, in recent years, has witnessed consistent increase in its revenues until FY19, primarily due to the nature and size of the contracts initiated in FY18. For FY19, the entity's revenues witnessed decline of 2.2% in comparison to FY18.

Margins During FY19, decrease in topline coupled with significant inflation during the period under review has caused gross margin decline (FY19: 17%, FY18: 18.3%). Although finance charges remained almost static for FY19 as compared to FY18, Significant increase of ~70% in administrative cost has impacted the profitability of the company which stood at PKR 80mln (FY18: PKR 167mln).

Sustainability UIA's management furnishes reliable budgets and forecasts which reflect the strategy of the management and viability of the design path to reach the goal.

Financial Risk

Working Capital For working capital needs, which is a function of inventory and receivables, a company relies on both internal cash flows as well as short term borrowing (STB). During FY19 short term borrowings of the company remained almost stagnant (FY19: PKR 89.6lmn, FY18: PKR 88mln).

Coverages During FY19, UIA's free cash flows (FCFO) decreased to PKR 269mln from PKR 312mln in FY18. Increased finance costs and less profitability as compared to last year resulted in deterioration of debt coverage ratio (FY19: 7.4; FY18: 9.7).

Capitalization At end-FY19, the company' leveraged capital structure continued to decline significantly with a debt to 'debt plus equity' ratio of 12% (FY18: 22.5%, FY17: 28%) as the long term loan from directors was paid off during the year (FY19: 32.6mln; FY18: 184mln).



Usmani International Associate (Pvt) Limited	Jun-19	Jun-18	Jun-17
Usmani International Associate (PVI) Limited Infrastructure	12M	12M	12M
mir asu ucuit	12111	12111	121/1
A BALANCE SHEET			
1 Non-Current Assets	636	722	828
2 Investments	-	-	-
3 Related Party Exposure	=	97	88
4 Current Assets	965	921	512
a Inventories	100	255	235
b Trade Receivables	1.001	20	20
5 Total Assets	1,601	1,740	1,428
6 Current Liabilities	257	317 22	128
a Trade Payables7 Borrowings	129	136	175
8 Related Party Exposure	33	184	188
9 Non-Current Liabilities	33	-	100
10 Net Assets	1,183	1,103	935
11 Shareholders' Equity	1,183	1,103	935
11 Shareholders Equity	1,163	1,103	733
B INCOME STATEMENT			
1 Sales	2,240	2,290	2,130
a Cost of Good Sold	(1,871)	(1,870)	(1,720)
2 Gross Profit	368	420	409
a Operating Expenses	(102)	(60)	(72)
3 Operating Profit	266	359	337
a Non Operating Income or (Expense)	-	-	-
4 Profit or (Loss) before Interest and Tax	266	359	337
a Total Finance Cost	(22)	(22)	(17)
b Taxation	(163)	(171)	(126)
6 Net Income Or (Loss)	80	167	194
C CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
a Free Cash Flows from Operations (FCFO)	211	312	255
b Net Cash from Operating Activities before Working Capital Changes	189	290	238
c Changes in Working Capital	(32)	(309)	(230)
1 Net Cash provided by Operating Activities	157	(19)	8
2 Net Cash (Used in) or Available From Investing Activities	(23)	(17)	(68
3 Net Cash (Used in) or Available From Financing Activities	(190)	81	63
4 Net Cash generated or (Used) during the period	(57)	45	3
D RATIO ANALYSIS			
1 Performance			
a Sales Growth (for the period)	-2.2%	7.5%	418.9%
b Gross Profit Margin	16.4%	18.3%	19.2%
c Net Profit Margin	3.6%	7.3%	9.1%
d Cash Conversion Efficiency (EBITDA/Sales)	16.7%	21.1%	17.9%
e Return on Equity (ROE)	7.0%	16.4%	34.5%
2 Working Capital Management			
a Gross Working Capital (Average Days)	32	42	36
b Net Working Capital (Average Days)	32	42	35
c Current Ratio (Total Current Assets/Total Current Liabilities)	3.8	2.9	4.0
3 Coverages			
a EBITDA / Finance Cost	29.0	40.3	25.1
b FCFO / Finance Cost+CMLTB+Excess STB	7.4	9.7	6.4
c Debt Payback (Total Borrowings+Excess STB) / (FCFO-Finance Cost)	0.4	0.8	1.1
4 Capital Structure (Total Debt/Total Debt+Equity)			
a Total Borrowings / Total Borrowings+Equity	12.0%	22.5%	28.0%
b Interest or Markup Payable (Days)	0.0	0.0	0.0
c Average Borrowing Rate	5.3%	3.5%	5.9%



Credit Rating Scale & Definitions

Credit rating reflects forward-looking opinion on credit worthiness of underlying entity or instrument; more specifically it covers relative ability to honor financial obligations. The primary factor being captured on the rating scale is relative likelihood of default.

Long Term Ratings		Short Term Ratings		
	Highest credit quality. Lowest expectation of credit risk. Indicate exceptionally strong capacity for timely payment of financial commitments		The highest capacity for timely repayment.	
AAA			A strong capacity for timely repayment.	
AA+ AA	AA capacity for timely payment of financial commitments. This capacity is not significantly		A satisfactory capacity for timely repayment. This may be susceptible to adverse changes in business,	
AA-	vulnerable to foreseeable events.		economic, or financial conditions. An adequate capacity for timely repayment. Such	
A+ A A-	High credit quality. Low expectation of credit risk. The capacity for timely payment of financial commitments is considered strong. This capacity may, nevertheless, be vulnerable to changes in circumstances or in economic conditions.	A3	capacity is susceptible to adverse changes in business, economic, or financial conditions.	
		В	The capacity for timely repayment is more susceptible to adverse changes in business, economic, or financial conditions.	
			An inadequate capacity to ensure timely repayment.	
BBB+	payment of financial commitments is considered adequate, but adverse changes in		Short Term Ratings	
BBB+ BB BB-	Moderate risk. Possibility of credit risk developing. There is a possibility of credit risk developing, particularly as a result of adverse economic or business changes over time; however, business or financial alternatives may be available to allow financial commitments to be met.	Long	A1+ A1 A2 A3 B C AAA AA+ AA AA- A+ A	
B+ B B-	High credit risk. A limited margin of safety remains against credit risk. Financial commitments are currently being met; however, capacity for continued payment is contingent upon a sustained, favorable business and economic environment.	ng Term Ratings	A- BBB+ BBB- BB+	
CCC CC C	Very high credit risk. Substantial credit risk "CCC" Default is a real possibility. Capacity for meeting financial commitments is solely reliant upon sustained, favorable business or economic developments. "CC" Rating indicates that default of some kind appears probable. "C" Ratings signal imminent default.	S	BB BB- B+ B B-	
D	Obligations are currently in default.		CCC CC	

Outlook (Stable, Positive, Negative,
Developing) Indicates the potential and direction
of a rating over the intermediate term in response
to trends in economic and/or fundamental
business/financial conditions. It is not necessarily
a precursor to a rating change. 'Stable' outlook
means a rating is not likely to change. 'Positive'
means it may be raised. 'Negative' means it may
be lowered. Where the trends have conflicting
elements, the outlook may be described as
'Developing'.

Rating Watch Alerts to the possibility of a rating change subsequent to, or in anticipation of, a) some material identifiable event and/or b) deviation from expected trend. But it does not mean that a rating change is inevitable. A watch should be resolved within foreseeable future, but may continue if underlying circumstances are not settled. Rating Watch may accompany

Outlook of the respective opinion.

Suspension It is not possible to update an opinion due to lack of requisite information. Opinion should be resumed in foreseeable future. However, if this does not happen within six (6) months, the rating should be considered withdrawn.

Withdrawn A rating is withdrawn on a) termination of rating mandate, b) cessation of underlying entity, c) the debt instrument is redeemed, d) the rating remains suspended for six months, e) the entity/issuer defaults., or/and f) PACRA finds it impractical to surveill the opinion due to lack of requisite information.

Harmonization A change in rating due to revision in applicable methodology or underlying scale.

Disclaimer: PACRA's ratings are an assessment of the credit standing of entities/issue in Pakistan. They do not take into account the potential transfer / convertibility risk that may exist for foreign currency creditors. PACRA's opinion is not a recommendation to purchase, sell or hold a security, in as much as it does not comment on the security's market price or suitability for a particular investor.

Regulatory and Supplementary Disclosure

(Credit Rating Companies Regulations, 2016)

Rating Team Statements

(1) Rating is just an opinion about the creditworthiness of the entity and does not constitute recommendation to buy, hold or sell any security of the entity rated or to buy, hold or sell the security rated, as the case may be | Chapter III; 14-3-(x)

2) Conflict of Interest

- i. The Rating Team or any of their family members have no interest in this rating | Chapter III; 12-2-(j)
- ii. PACRA, the analysts involved in the rating process and members of its rating committee, and their family members, do not have any conflict of interest relating to the rating done by them | Chapter III; 12-2-(e) & (k)
- iii. The analyst is not a substantial shareholder of the customer being rated by PACRA [Annexure F; d-(ii)] Explanation: for the purpose of above clause, the term "family members" shall include only those family members who are dependent on the analyst and members of the rating committee

Restrictions

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- (4) PACRA does not disclose or discuss with outside parties or make improper use of the non-public information which has come to its knowledge during business relationship with the customer | Chapter III; 10-7-(d)
- (5) PACRA does not make proposals or recommendations regarding the activities of rated entities that could impact a credit rating of entity subject to rating | Chapter III; 10-7-(k)

Conduct of Business

- (6) PACRA fulfills its obligations in a fair, efficient, transparent and ethical manner and renders high standards of services in performing its functions and obligations; | Chapter III; 11-A-(a)
- (7) PACRA uses due care in preparation of this Rating Report. Our information has been obtained from sources we consider to be reliable but its accuracy or completeness is not guaranteed. PACRA does not, in every instance, independently verifies or validates information received in the rating process or in preparing this Rating Report.
- (8) PACRA prohibits its employees and analysts from soliciting money, gifts or favors from anyone with whom PACRA conducts business | Chapter III; 11-A-(q)
- (9) PACRA ensures before commencement of the rating process that an analyst or employee has not had a recent employment or other significant business or personal relationship with the rated entity that may cause or may be perceived as causing a conflict of interest; | Chapter III; 11-A-(r) (10) PACRA maintains principal of integrity in seeking rating business | Chapter III; 11-A-(u)
- (11) PACRA promptly investigates, in the event of a misconduct or a breach of the policies, procedures and controls, and takes appropriate steps to rectify any weaknesses to prevent any recurrence along with suitable punitive action against the responsible employee(s) | Chapter III; 11-B-(m)

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- (12) PACRA receives compensation from the entity being rated or any third party for the rating services it offers. The receipt of this compensation has no influence on PACRA's opinions or other analytical processes. In all instances, PACRA is committed to preserving the objectivity, integrity and independence of its ratings. Our relationship is governed by two distinct mandates i) rating mandate signed with the entity being rated or issuer of the debt instrument, and fee mandate signed with the payer, which can be different from the entity
- (13) PACRA does not provide consultancy/advisory services or other services to any of its customers or to any of its customers' associated companies and associated undertakings that is being rated or has been rated by it during the preceding three years unless it has adequate mechanism in place ensuring that provision of such services does not lead to a conflict of interest situation with its rating activities; | Chapter III; 12-2-(d)
- (14) PACRA discloses that no shareholder directly or indirectly holding 10% or more of the share capital of PACRA also holds directly or indirectly 10% or more of the share capital of the entity which is subject to rating or the entity which issued the instrument subject to rating by PACRA; | Reference Chapter III; 12-2-(f)
- (15) PACRA ensures that the rating assigned to an entity or instrument is not be affected by the existence of a business relationship between PACRA and the entity or any other party, or the non-existence of such a relationship | Chapter III; 12-2-(i)
- (16) PACRA ensures that the analysts or any of their family members shall not buy or sell or engage in any transaction in any security which falls in the analyst's area of primary analytical responsibility. This clause shall, however, not be applicable on investment in securities through collective investment schemes. | Chapter III; 12-2-(l)
- (17) PACRA has established policies and procedure governing investments and trading in securities by its employees and for monitoring the same to prevent insider trading, market manipulation or any other market abuse | Chapter III; 11-B-(g)

Monitoring and review

- (18) PACRA monitors all the outstanding ratings continuously and any potential change therein due to any event associated with the issuer, the security arrangement, the industry etc., is disseminated to the market, immediately and in effective manner, after appropriate consultation with the entity/issuer; | Chapter III | 18-(a)
- (19) PACRA reviews all the outstanding ratings on semi-annual basis or as and when required by any creditor or upon the occurrence of such an event which requires to do so; | Chapter III | 18-(b)
- (20) PACRA initiates immediate review of the outstanding rating upon becoming aware of any information that may reasonably be expected to result in downgrading of the rating; | Chapter III | 18-(c)
- (21) PACRA engages with the issuer and the debt securities trustee, to remain updated on all information pertaining to the rating of the entity/instrument; | Chapter III | 18-(d)

Probability of Default

(22) PACRA's Rating Scale reflects the expectation of credit risk. The highest rating has the lowest relative likelihood of default (i.e, probability). PACRA's transition studies capture the historical performance behavior of a specific rating notch. Transition behavior of the assigned rating can be obtained from PACRA's Transition Study available at our website. (www.pacra.com). However, actual transition of rating may not follow the pattern observed in the past | Chapter III | 14-(f-VII)

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