



The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited

Rating Report

Soneri Bank Limited | TFC II | Jul-15

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Rating History

Dissemination Date	Long Term Rating	Short Term Rating	Outlook	Action	Rating Watch
25-Jun-2022	A+	-	Stable	Maintain	-
15-Dec-2021	A+	-	Stable	Maintain	-
25-Jun-2021	A+	-	Stable	Maintain	-
18-Dec-2020	A+	-	Stable	Maintain	-
25-Jun-2020	A+	-	Stable	Maintain	-
19-Dec-2019	A+	-	Stable	Maintain	-
19-Jun-2019	A+	-	Stable	Maintain	-
20-Dec-2018	A+	-	Stable	Maintain	-
14-Jun-2018	A+	-	Stable	Maintain	-
15-Dec-2017	A+	-	Stable	Maintain	-
16-Jun-2017	A+	-	Stable	Maintain	Yes
16-Dec-2016	A+	-	Stable	Maintain	-
17-Jun-2016	A+	-	Stable	Maintain	-
17-Dec-2015	A+	-	Stable	Maintain	-
17-Jun-2015	A+	-	Stable	Maintain	-
08-May-2015	A+	-	Stable	Initial	-
29-Jan-2015	A+	-	-	Preliminary	-

Rating Rationale and Key Rating Drivers

The ratings reflect Soneri Bank's maintained business profile as reflected by system share in terms of deposits (end-Dec21: 1.7%, end-Dec20: 1.8%). SNBL's customer deposits observed growth of ~13%, where CASA recorded further improvement (CY21: ~70%; CY20: ~69%). Going forward enhanced deposit mobilization will remain vital in maintaining system share. Net income witnessed an increase of 18.9% YoY attributable to lower provisioning and impairment charge. Sustainability in net mark up income & non-markup income and continued enhancement in non-fund based exposure are important for future years. Advance book recorded marginal uptick, whereas, infection ratio declined (CY21: 5.9%; CY20: 6.2%), owing to marginal decline in NPLs. The Investment book has expanded significantly by 31% YOY, dominated by investments in PIBs. Going forward, the strategy is to strengthen the existing good relationships and digital platform by offering various unique solutions to its customers. Pakistan's economy has gone through several varied phases in last two years due to the COVID19 pandemic. Banking sector continued to flourish with high profitability. Going forward, the macro-economic environment is beset with myriad challenges due to heightened interest rate, tightening of demand, rupee depreciation and higher inflation. This has repercussions for all segments of the economy. The Bank's Tier-I ratio stands at 12.23% as at end-Dec21. Total CAR stands at 13.8% (CY20: 17%). With dilution recorded in CAR of the bank, prudent capital management remains essential.

The rating is a function of bank's ability to maintain its market position in the banking industry while strengthening its overall risk profile. Bringing efficiency in operational structure is important for long term growth. In the comparative landscape, adding granularity to deposits and advances is critical. Meanwhile, a sustainable increase in system share and consequent profitability would be ratings positive.

Disclosure

Name of Rated Entity	Soneri Bank Limited TFC II Jul-15
Type of Relationship	Solicited
Purpose of the Rating	Debt Instrument Rating
Applicable Criteria	Methodology Debt Instrument Rating(Jun-21),Methodology Financial Institution Rating(Jun-21),Criteria Rating Modifiers(Jun-21)
Related Research	Sector Study Commercial Bank(Jun-21)
Rating Analysts	Madiha Sohail madiha.sohail@pacra.com +92-42-35869504



Issuer Profile

Profile Soneri Bank Limited (SNBL), incorporated as a public limited company, commenced operations as a Scheduled Commercial Bank in 1991. Soneri Bank's registered office is situated at 2nd Floor, 307-Upper Mall Scheme, Lahore; while its central office is located at 10th Floor, PNSC Building, M.T. Khan Road, Karachi. The Bank is engaged in provision of banking and financial services. At end-Mar22, The Bank operates with 367 (CY21: 367) branches including 35 Islamic banking branches, 15 Islamic banking windows, and 1 sub branch in Pakistan.

Ownership The Feerasta Family - sponsors of the Rupali Group, own 65.04% stake of the Bank; mainly through three trusts and individuals of the sponsor family. Other shareholders mainly include NBP which through NIT holds 9.31% stake. The remaining stake 25.65% is widely spread among financial institutions, and general public. Ownership structure of the Bank is seen as stable as no ownership changes are expected in near future. Majority stake will rest with the Feerasta family. The Feerasta Family has been associated with some other businesses, since last few decades. Their business acumen is considered good. Given that Soneri is the flagship business of sponsors, willingness to support the Bank in case the need arises is considered high.

Governance The overall control of the Bank vests with eight-member board of directors (BoD), including the CEO. Three of the board members are nominees of Feerasta family. There are two independent directors on board, namely Mr. Jamil Hassan Hamdani & Ms. Naveen Salim Merchant and one NIT nominee director, Mr. Manzoor Ahmed. The board members carry extensive professional experience in banking and other sectors. The BoD provides an overall guideline in managing risks associated with the Bank's operations and strategic direction. There are six board committees which assist the board in effective oversight of the Bank's overall operations on relevant matters. KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co., Chartered Accountants have expressed an unqualified opinion on the financial statement for the year ended 31st December 2021. SNBL has an Internal Audit function which reports to the Board Audit Committee in line with the Code of Corporate Governance.

Management Overall operations have been divided into thirteen functions and organized into Northern, Central and Southern regions for effective management and control. SNBL's management team comprises of experienced individuals. Mr. Muhtashim Ahmad Ashai joined the Bank as CEO in Apr-20. He is a seasoned Banker and carries over 28 years of banking experience. He is supported by Deputy CEO (formerly Executive Director) - Mr. Amin A. Feerasta - who has been associated with the Bank since 1999. SNBL has nine management committees in place; all headed by the CEO. These committees ensure the efficiency of Bank's overall operations. The Bank has deployed 'Temenos T24' as its Core Banking System in CY18. More recently, the Bank made substantial investments to add value to its risk management framework by purchasing software from AFS solutions as replacement of SAS solutions, also upgraded its data center and disaster recovery solutions.

Business Risk Pakistan's economy has gone through several varied phases in last two years. It was deeply impacted by the magnitude of the COVID19 pandemic. The economic activity revived afterwards and Pakistan posted a GDP growth rate of ~4.0% in FY21 after a contraction in economy of -0.4% in FY20 (GDP growth figures were revised after base year was changed from FY05-06 to FY15-16). Banking sector continues to flourish with high profitability. Banking sector weightage is approximately ~25% of the KSE 100 index. Total banking assets posted growth of ~19% YoY whilst investments surged by 21% YoY to PKR ~14.4trln (end-Dec20: PKR ~11.9trln). Gross Advances of the sector recorded growth (23%) to stand at PKR ~10.9trln (end-Dec20: PKR ~8.8trln). Non-performing loans witnessed slight uptick of 4% to PKR ~860bln. Capital Adequacy Ratio stood at 16.7% (regulatory requirement of 11.5%). During CY21, banking sector deposits enhanced to PKR ~21.6trln (grew by ~17%). Hence, ADR rationalized to 47% (end-Dec20: ~45%). Net profitability of the sector recorded at PKR ~267bln (CY20: PKR ~244bln); up 9% YoY. However, growth of equity base of the sector recorded meagre uptick of 0.8% YoY attributable to handsome dividend payout. SNBL - a small sized Bank, holds a customer deposit base of PKR 334bln at end-Dec21 (CY20: PKR 295bln). The market share of deposits of the Bank inched down to 1.7% (CY20: 1.8%). During CY21, SNBL's NIMR witnessed marginal increase of 2.6% YoY to stand at PKR 10.9bln (CY20: PKR 10.65bln), with Markup income witnessing a decrease of 12% YoY to stand at PKR 37.1bln (CY20: PKR 42.2bln). Subsequently, Asset yield of the Bank inched down to 8% (CY20: 10.6%). Hence, Bank's spread declined to 2.6% (CY20: 3.2%). During 1QCY22, NIMR increased by 5.8% YoY to stand PKR 2.87bln (1QCY21: PKR 2.72bln). However, spread stood at 2.5%. During CY21, non-mark-up income increased considerably by 12.7% to stand at PKR 4.29bln (CY20: PKR 3.80bln) mainly due to higher fee and commission income (CY21: PKR 2,074mln; CY20: PKR 1,775mln). Non-markup expenses inclined by 12.9% YoY to stand at PKR 10.19bln (CY20: PKR 9bln). Consequently, non-markup expenses to total income increased to 66.9% (CY20: 62.4%). Net profit increased by 19% and stood at PKR 2.8bln (CY20: PKR 2.4bln). During 1QCY22, Net profit recorded at 543mln (1QCY21: PKR 782bln) with 31% decrease YoY. Moving ahead, the Bank intends to expand its branch network to assist outreach further - during CY21, 27 Branches opened including 15 Islamic banking windows. The Profitability stream is stable and supports the equity position. The management's focus is to improve the Bank's sustained market share while remaining compliant to minimum capital requirements. Focus remains on building a stable deposit base, improving customer experience, and optimizing returns through growth strategies and by enforcing a strong cost discipline across the Bank. During CY21, Focus of the Bank remained tilted toward digitalization of processes to deliver best services to consumer. CY21 has been a year of strategy refresh for the Bank as the management looked forward to build on core strengths.

Financial Risk At end-Dec21, SNBL's net advances have inched up by 1%. Bank's ADR was reported at 41.1% (end-Dec20: 47.6%). Non performing advances of the Bank recorded marginal attrition to stand at PKR 10.3bln (CY20: 10.7bln). Subsequently, infection ratio decreased to 5.9% (end-Dec20: 6.2%) owing to low provisioning. At end-Mar22, advances recorded at PKR 160.8bln. Infection ratio remained stagnant to 5.9%. As at end-Dec21, SNBL has an investment book of PKR 327bln (end-Dec20: PKR 250bln) with majorly skewed towards Government securities (99.1%) - including GOP Ijarah Sukuks & Bai Muajjal with GOP. SNBL's exposure in T-bills inched down to 40.9% (end-Dec20: 41%), while exposure in PIBs inched upto 52.5% (end-Dec20: 52%). This trend has been witnessed throughout the industry due to incline in interest rates during the year. During 1QCY22, investment mix slightly changed but remained tilted towards PIBs. As at end-Dec21, customer deposits increased to PKR 334bln (end-Dec20: PKR 295bln), up by 13%. CA and SA proportion stood at 27.2% (endDec20: 26.6%) and 42.6% (end-Dec20: 42.1%). At end-Mar22, customer deposit increased to PKR 313bln. CA and SA proportion stood at 33.1% and 40.7% respectively. At end-Dec21, the Bank reported CAR of 13.8%, comprising of Tier I capital (12.2%), remaining compliant with the minimum requirement by SBP. At end Mar22, risk weighted assets increased by 1.3%, resulting in CAR of 13%.

Instrument Rating Considerations

About The Instrument Soneri Bank Limited issued an unsecured, subordinated, rated, listed term finance certificate-II ("TFC" or the "Issue" or "Instruments") The issue amounts to PKR 3bln. The profit is being paid at the rate of 6MK+135bps semiannually in arrears on the outstanding principal amount. The amount raised through this Issue, subject to necessary corporate and regulatory approvals, contributed towards SNBL's Tier II Capital in accordance with SBP guidelines on capital adequacy. Furthermore, the amount raised is being utilized in SNBL's normal business operations as permitted under its Memorandum & Articles of Association. Profit payments are being made semiannually on arrears on the outstanding principal amount. Principal redemption is being done semiannually in such a way that 0.30% of the principal will be redeemed in the first 7.5 years of the tenor and the remaining principal of 99.70% at maturity at the end of the 8th year.

Relative Seniority/Subordination Of Instrument The Issue will be unsecured and subordinated to payment of principal and profit to all other indebtedness of SNBL, including deposits. Neither profit nor principal may be paid (even at maturity) if such payment means that the Bank falls below or remains below its MCR. The instrument is subject to the loss absorbency and/or any other requirements under SBP's Basel III Capital Rules.

Credit Enhancement The instrument is unsecured.



PKR mln

Soneri Bank Limited
Listed Public Limited

Mar-22	Dec-21	Dec-20	Dec-19
3M	12M	12M	12M

A BALANCE SHEET

1 Total Finances - net	162,014	166,661	165,910	205,051
2 Investments	357,748	323,892	245,953	173,618
3 Other Earning Assets	32,100	22,113	8,957	1,383
4 Non-Earning Assets	62,008	64,455	61,888	59,200
5 Non-Performing Finances-net	2,132	2,366	2,637	3,288
Total Assets	616,002	579,489	485,345	442,541
6 Deposits	360,034	403,037	345,499	302,083
7 Borrowings	212,658	131,578	94,015	102,700
8 Other Liabilities (Non-Interest Bearing)	22,972	23,239	22,675	17,544
Total Liabilities	595,664	557,853	462,188	422,327
Equity	20,337	21,636	23,157	20,214

B INCOME STATEMENT

1 Mark Up Earned	12,371	37,133	42,228	38,790
2 Mark Up Expensed	(9,492)	(26,196)	(31,573)	(30,864)
3 Non Mark Up Income	841	4,290	3,807	2,861
Total Income	3,720	15,228	14,463	10,787
4 Non-Mark Up Expenses	(2,791)	(10,191)	(9,026)	(8,129)
5 Provisions/Write offs/Reversals	(11)	112	(1,402)	589
Pre-Tax Profit	917	5,149	4,035	3,247
6 Taxes	(375)	(2,295)	(1,634)	(1,341)
Profit After Tax	543	2,854	2,400	1,906

C RATIO ANALYSIS

1 Performance

Net Mark Up Income / Avg. Assets	1.9%	2.1%	2.3%	1.9%
Non-Mark Up Expenses / Total Income	75.0%	66.9%	62.4%	75.4%
ROE	10.3%	12.7%	11.1%	10.0%

2 Capital Adequacy

Equity / Total Assets (D+E+F)	3.3%	3.7%	4.8%	4.6%
Capital Adequacy Ratio	13.0%	13.8%	17.0%	15.8%

3 Funding & Liquidity

Liquid Assets / (Deposits + Borrowings Net of Repo)	53.7%	63.3%	61.8%	45.6%
(Advances + Net Non-Performing Advances) / Deposits	44.7%	41.1%	47.6%	67.8%
CA Deposits / Deposits	33.1%	27.2%	26.6%	24.5%
SA Deposits / Deposits	40.7%	42.6%	42.1%	38.8%

4 Credit Risk

Non-Performing Advances / Gross Advances	5.9%	5.9%	6.2%	5.1%
Non-Performing Finances-net / Equity	10.5%	10.9%	11.4%	16.3%

Credit Rating

Credit rating reflects forward-looking opinion on credit worthiness of underlying entity or instrument; more specifically it covers relative ability to honor financial obligations. The primary factor being captured on the rating scale is relative likelihood of default.

Scale	Long-term Rating Definition
AAA	Highest credit quality. Lowest expectation of credit risk. Indicate exceptionally strong capacity for timely payment of financial commitments
AA+	
AA	Very high credit quality. Very low expectation of credit risk. Indicate very strong capacity for timely payment of financial commitments. This capacity is not significantly vulnerable to foreseeable events.
AA-	
A+	
A	High credit quality. Low expectation of credit risk. The capacity for timely payment of financial commitments is considered strong. This capacity may, nevertheless, be vulnerable to changes in circumstances or in economic conditions.
A-	
BBB+	
BBB	Good credit quality. Currently a low expectation of credit risk. The capacity for timely payment of financial commitments is considered adequate, but adverse changes in circumstances and in economic conditions are more likely to impair this capacity.
BBB-	
BB+	Moderate risk. Possibility of credit risk developing. There is a possibility of credit risk developing, particularly as a result of adverse economic or business changes over time; however, business or financial alternatives may be available to allow financial commitments to be met.
BB	
BB-	
B+	
B	High credit risk. A limited margin of safety remains against credit risk. Financial commitments are currently being met; however, capacity for continued payment is contingent upon a sustained, favorable business and economic environment.
B-	
CCC	Very high credit risk. Substantial credit risk “CCC” Default is a real possibility. Capacity for meeting financial commitments is solely reliant upon sustained, favorable business or economic developments. “CC” Rating indicates that default of some kind appears probable. “C” Ratings signal imminent default.
CC	
C	
D	Obligations are currently in default.

Scale	Short-term Rating Definition
A1+	The highest capacity for timely repayment.
A1	A strong capacity for timely repayment.
A2	A satisfactory capacity for timely repayment. This may be susceptible to adverse changes in business, economic, or financial conditions.
A3	An adequate capacity for timely repayment. Such capacity is susceptible to adverse changes in business, economic, or financial
A4	The capacity for timely repayment is more susceptible to adverse changes in business, economic, or financial conditions. Liquidity may not be sufficient.



**The correlation shown is indicative and, in certain cases, may not hold.*

Outlook (Stable, Positive, Negative, Developing) Indicates the potential and direction of a rating over the intermediate term in response to trends in economic and/or fundamental business/financial conditions. It is not necessarily a precursor to a rating change. ‘Stable’ outlook means a rating is not likely to change. ‘Positive’ means it may be raised. ‘Negative’ means it may be lowered. Where the trends have conflicting elements, the outlook may be described as ‘Developing’.

Rating Watch Alerts to the possibility of a rating change subsequent to, or, in anticipation of some material identifiable event with indeterminable rating implications. But it does not mean that a rating change is inevitable. A watch should be resolved within foreseeable future, but may continue if underlying circumstances are not settled. Rating watch may accompany rating outlook of the respective opinion.

Suspension It is not possible to update an opinion due to lack of requisite information. Opinion should be resumed in foreseeable future. However, if this does not happen within six (6) months, the rating should be considered withdrawn.

Withdrawn A rating is withdrawn on a) termination of rating mandate, b) the debt instrument is redeemed, c) the rating remains suspended for six months, d) the entity/issuer defaults, or/and e) PACRA finds it impractical to surveil the opinion due to lack of requisite information.

Harmonization A change in rating due to revision in applicable methodology or underlying scale.

Surveillance. Surveillance on a publicly disseminated rating opinion is carried out on an ongoing basis till it is formally suspended or withdrawn. A comprehensive surveillance of rating opinion is carried out at least once every six months. However, a rating opinion may be reviewed in the intervening period if it is necessitated by any material happening.

Note. This scale is applicable to the following methodology(s):

- a) Broker Entity Rating
- b) Corporate Rating
- c) Debt Instrument Rating
- d) Financial Institution Rating
- e) Holding Company Rating
- f) Independent Power Producer Rating
- g) Microfinance Institution Rating
- h) Non-Banking Finance Companies Rating

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(1) Rating is just an opinion about the creditworthiness of the entity and does not constitute recommendation to buy, hold or sell any security of the entity rated or to buy, hold or sell the security rated, as the case may be | Chapter III; 14-3-(x)

2) Conflict of Interest

i. The Rating Team or any of their family members have no interest in this rating | Chapter III; 12-2-(j)

ii. PACRA, the analysts involved in the rating process and members of its rating committee, and their family members, do not have any conflict of interest relating to the rating done by them | Chapter III; 12-2-(e) & (k)

iii. The analyst is not a substantial shareholder of the customer being rated by PACRA [Annexure F; d-(ii)] Explanation: for the purpose of above clause, the term "family members" shall include only those family members who are dependent on the analyst and members of the rating committee

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(7) PACRA uses due care in preparation of this Rating Report. Our information has been obtained from sources we consider to be reliable but its accuracy or completeness is not guaranteed. PACRA does not, in every instance, independently verifies or validates information received in the rating process or in preparing this Rating Report | Clause 11-(A)(p).

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(9) PACRA ensures before commencement of the rating process that an analyst or employee has not had a recent employment or other significant business or personal relationship with the rated entity that may cause or may be perceived as causing a conflict of interest; | Chapter III; 11-A-(r)

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(12) PACRA receives compensation from the entity being rated or any third party for the rating services it offers. The receipt of this compensation has no influence on PACRA's opinions or other analytical processes. In all instances, PACRA is committed to preserving the objectivity, integrity and independence of its ratings. Our relationship is governed by two distinct mandates i) rating mandate - signed with the entity being rated or issuer of the debt instrument, and fee mandate - signed with the payer, which can be different from the entity

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(15) PACRA ensures that the rating assigned to an entity or instrument is not be affected by the existence of a business relationship between PACRA and the entity or any other party, or the non-existence of such a relationship | Chapter III; 12-2-(i)

(16) PACRA ensures that the analysts or any of their family members shall not buy or sell or engage in any transaction in any security which falls in the analyst's area of primary analytical responsibility. This clause shall, however, not be applicable on investment in securities through collective investment schemes. | Chapter III; 12-2-(l)

(17) PACRA has established policies and procedure governing investments and trading in securities by its employees and for monitoring the same to prevent insider trading, market manipulation or any other market abuse | Chapter III; 11-B-(g)

Monitoring and review

(18) PACRA monitors all the outstanding ratings continuously and any potential change therein due to any event associated with the issuer, the security arrangement, the industry etc., is disseminated to the market, immediately and in effective manner, after appropriate consultation with the entity/issuer; | Chapter III | 18-(a)

(19) PACRA reviews all the outstanding ratings on semi-annual basis or as and when required by any creditor or upon the occurrence of such an event which requires to do so; | Chapter III | 18-(b)

(20) PACRA initiates immediate review of the outstanding rating upon becoming aware of any information that may reasonably be expected to result in downgrading of the rating; | Chapter III | 18-(c)

(21) PACRA engages with the issuer and the debt securities trustee, to remain updated on all information pertaining to the rating of the entity/instrument; | Chapter III | 18-(d)

Probability of Default

(22) PACRA's Rating Scale reflects the expectation of credit risk. The highest rating has the lowest relative likelihood of default (i.e, probability). PACRA's transition studies capture the historical performance behavior of a specific rating notch. Transition behavior of the assigned rating can be obtained from PACRA's Transition Study available at our website. (www.pacra.com). However, actual transition of rating may not follow the pattern observed in the past | Chapter III | 14-(F-VII)

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Regulatory and Supplementary Disclosure

Nature of Instrument	Size of Issue (PKR)	Tenor	Security	Quantum of Security	Nature of Assets	Trustee	Book Value of Assets (PKR mln)
Listed Tier-II TFC	3 Bn	8 years	Instrument will be unsecured and subordinated as to payment of principal and profit to all other indebtedness of the bank, including deposits and will not be redeemable before maturity without prior approval of SBP	N/A	N/A	Pak Brunei Investment Company Limited	N/A

Soneri Bank Limited | Tier-II TFC | July '15

Name of Issuer	Soneri Bank Limited
Issue size	PKR 3 Bn
Tenor	8 Years
Maturity	8 years from the date of issuance (unless Call Option is exercised)
Profit Rate	6 MK + 1.35%
Call Option	Exercisable in Jul-20
Principal Repayment	Semi-annually, in such a way that 0.30% of the principal will be redeemed in the first 90 months and remaining principal of 99.70% at maturity at the end of
Security	Instrument will be unsecured and subordinated as to payment of principal and profit to all other indebtedness of the bank, including deposits and will not be redeemable before maturity without prior approval of SBP

Soneri Bank Limited | TFC II | Redemption Schedule

Due Date Principle	Opening Principal	Principal Repayment	Due Date Markup/ Profit	Markup/Profit Rate	6M Kibor (Assumed at 15.50% remained)	Markup/Profit Payment	Installment Payable	Principal Outstanding	
	PKR in mln								PKR in mln
Issuance								3,000.00	
6 months from issuance	3,000.00	0.60	6 months from issuance	6 Month Kibor +1.35%	Already paid			2,999.40	
12 months from issuance	2,999.40	0.60	12 months from issuance	6 Month Kibor +1.35%				2,998.80	
18 months from issuance	2,998.80	0.60	18 months from issuance	6 Month Kibor +1.35%				2,998.20	
24 months from issuance	2,998.20	0.60	24 months from issuance	6 Month Kibor +1.35%				2,997.60	
30 months from issuance	2,997.60	0.60	30 months from issuance	6 Month Kibor +1.35%				2,997.00	
36 months from issuance	2,997.00	0.60	36 months from issuance	6 Month Kibor +1.35%				2,996.40	
42 months from issuance	2,996.40	0.60	42 months from issuance	6 Month Kibor +1.35%				2,995.80	
48 months from issuance	2,995.80	0.60	48 months from issuance	6 Month Kibor +1.35%				2,995.20	
54 months from issuance	2,995.20	0.60	54 months from issuance	6 Month Kibor +1.35%				2,994.60	
60 months from issuance	2,994.60	0.60	60 months from issuance	6 Month Kibor +1.35%				2,994.00	
66 months from issuance	2,994.00	0.60	66 months from issuance	6 Month Kibor +1.35%				2,993.40	
72 months from issuance	2,993.40	0.60	72 months from issuance	6 Month Kibor +1.35%				2,992.80	
78 months from issuance	2,992.80	0.60	78 months from issuance	6 Month Kibor +1.35%		11.51%	192.44	193.04	2,992.20
84 months from issuance	2,992.20	0.60	84 months from issuance	6 Month Kibor +1.35%		15.50%	252.09	252.69	2,991.60
90 months from issuance	2,991.60	0.60	90 months from issuance	6 Month Kibor +1.35%		15.50%	252.04	252.64	2,991.00
96 months from issuance	2,991.00	2,991	96 months from issuance	6 Month Kibor +1.35%		15.50%	251.99	3,242.99	-
		3,000.00				948.56	3,941.36		