

## The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited

# **Rating Report**

## **Kassim Textiles (Pvt.) Limited**

## **Report Contents**

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- 2. Financial Information
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		Rating History			
Dissemination Date	Long Term Rating	Short Term Rating	Outlook	Action	Rating Watch
31-Dec-2021	A-	A2	Stable	Maintain	-
31-Dec-2020	A-	A2	Stable	Initial	-

## **Rating Rationale and Key Rating Drivers**

Kassim Textiles (Private) Limited (Kassim Textile) flagship company of Machiyara group enjoys long presence in textile and allied industry along with several other sectors. The Company operates 3,432 rotors and 350 looms. Revenue is mainly driven from the manufacturing and sale of yarn and fabric in addition to having a portfolio of strategic investments in its subsidiary Kassim (Private) Limited. Over the year the Company has managed to maintain its optimal capacity utilization while upgrading its machinery in order to ensure operational efficiencies and eventually higher production volumes. The company's top line clocked in at PKR 15.7bln in FY21 (FY20: PKR 12.8bln); where 84% (FY20: 80%) vests with exports. Further analysis reveals major contribution of denim cloth to several destinations and enjoys stable customer base local (Karachi, Lahore) and exports (Turkey, Bangladesh, Cambodia, and Greece etc). The share of Fabric sales recorded sizable improvement to PKR 13.8bln (FY20: PKR 11.2bln). The profitability of the Company improved in FY21, due to an increase in the topline. Kassim Textile maintained their margins. While also continues to maintain a low leveraged capital structure and good coverages; which gives comfort to financial matrix. Going forward, The Company is planning to incur CAPEX to enhance its production capacity in both weaving and spinning segments. In both spinning and weaving segments. Major overhaul will enhance the production capacity along with efficiency where planned project will be financed through a mix of internal and external sources.

The ratings are dependent on sustaining business profile of the Company by maintaining profitability and margins achieved from core textile operations.

Disclosure			
Name of Rated Entity	Kassim Textiles (Pvt.) Limited		
Type of Relationship	Solicited		
<b>Purpose of the Rating</b>	Entity Rating		
Applicable Criteria	Methodology   Corporate Rating(Jun-21),Criteria   Correlation Between Long-term & Short-term Rating Scales(Jun-21),Criteria   Rating Modifiers(Jun-21)		
Related Research	Sector Study   Composite and Garments(Dec-21)		
Rating Analysts	Iram Shahzadi   iram.shahzadi@pacra.com   +92-42-35869504		



# **Composite and Garments**

## The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited

#### Profile

Legal Structure Kassim Textiles (Private) Limited (Kassim) was incorporated on August 27, 1991 as a private limited company. The register office is located on National Highway Landhi, Karachi.

Background Kassim Textiles (Private) Limited is a prominent business venture of Machiyara Group. Apart from Kassim Textiles, the Group has presence in the textile, construction and real estate development, mobile phones and trading etc.

**Operations** Kassim Textiles (Private) Limited is a modern weaving unit that manufactures Denim fabric used for local and branded garment industry. The mill has an installed capacity of 350 weaving looms. Kassim Textile also sells variety of yarn from 6 counts to 16 counts.

#### Ownership

Ownership Structure Kassim Textile is a venture of six members of Haji Kassim's family. M. Ashraf owns 33.33%, Amanullah Kassim owns 33.33% directly and 0.01% indirectly through his wife. While M. Shabbir owns 32.14% directly and 0.01% indirectly through his wife. Arsal Shabbir has also the share of 1.18%.

Stability The major shareholding of the company is held by three individuals, who started the company in 1991. The stability of ownership may be improved by documenting understanding between sponsors in the form of shareholding agreement.

Business Acumen Kassim textile was setup by Machiyara Group, which has strong presence in several sector. This has helped the Company in expanding its operation's despite challenging market dynamics. Eventually, benefiting the company in effective decision making.

**Financial Strength** The sponsoring family has two other textile companies; Kassim (Private) Limited which is the subsidiary of Kassim Textiles and Fashion Knit Industries (Pvt.) Limited. Machiyara group consists of various business entities, including construction and real estate development, mobile phones and trading etc. This indicates sponsors' ability to provide support if need arises.

## Governance

Board Structure Kassim Textile's Board comprises four members, all are sponsors. The position of Chairman and CEO of the company. Despite a private limited company, Sponsor domination on the board undermines the board's effectiveness.

Members' Profile The members of the board have 3 decades of knowledge and extensive experience in the textile industry. Currently, there are no independent directors on the board.

Board Effectiveness BoD meetings are held regularly in which discussion on various aspect are recorded in minutes and decision or action is referred to Chairman/CEO, Mr Muhammad Shabbir

**Financial Transparency** Nasir Javaid Maqsood Imran (NJMI) Chartered Accountants, who are categorized in category' B by the SBP and have a QCR rating by ICAP, are the external auditors of the company. They have expressed unqualified opinion on the financial statements of the company for the year ended June 30, 2020. The audit for the current year is underway.

## Management

Organizational Structure The organizational structure of the company is divided into various functional departments, namely: (i) Finance & Commercial (F&C), (ii) Marketing, (iii) Technical, (iv) Production, (v) Information Technology, and (vi) GM (F&C) is also looking after HR, Admin and procurement functions. All departments directly reports to the directors of the Company.

Management Team Mr Muhammad Shabbir is the CEO of the Company. He carries twenty-nine years of professional experience and holds Master's in Chemical Engineering. He has been working with this group since the beginning. Mr. Saleem Jangda, CFO of the Company, has been associated since year 2000.

Effectiveness The management meetings are held on periodic basis with follow-up points to resolve or pro-actively address operational issues, if any, eventually ensuring smooth flow of operations. The meeting is headed by the CEO.

MIS The Company has built an in-house ERP to cater the business needs. The senior management monitors the business performance through certain Key MIS reports. The system track business resources like cash, raw materials, production capacity and the status of business commitments, orders, purchase orders, and payroll. The applications that make up the system share data across various departments (manufacturing, purchasing, sales, accounting, etc.) that provide the data.

Control Environment Production is completely order-driven, there is a rigorous quality check done on the end product by the QC department. The Company has obtained ISO 9001 certification.

## **Business Risk**

Industry Dynamics Textile exports of the country increased by 18% for 3MFY21 to stand at USD 1.19bln as compared to USD 1.007bln in 2MFY21. Although the demand for textile products internationally deteriorated on account of lockdowns in major export destinations, the export market performed well in 3MFY21. Furthermore, economies around the world have been gradually reopening as businesses recommenced in the past month. Hence, the exports in 3MFY21 experienced an upward trend despite prior lockdowns. Going forward, uncertainty still prevails with regards to the full resumption of businesses around the globe and a return to normality. Locally, the textile sector has found comfort in relief measures introduced by the State Bank of Pakistan such as deferment of loan payments for one-year, low interest rates and salary refinance scheme.

**Relative Position** The company falls in mid-tier category; currently operating 350 looms and 3,432 rotors with an installed capacity of 39mln meters of fabric. The company is planning to enhance its production capacity of spinning from 27M Lbs (270,000 Bags) to over 34.2M Lbs (342,000 Bags). Kassim is the exclusive producers of jacquard fabrics in denim industry.

Revenues The sales revenue of Reliance Weaving surged by 23% to PKR 15.7bln in FY21 as compared to PKR 12.8bln in the same period last year. Further analysis reveals that the Company's 84% of revenues are being generated from export sales (FY20: 80%). The share of Fabric sales recorded sizable improvement to PKR 13.8bln (FY20: PKR 11.2bln) attributable to strong sector dynamics and improved demand pattern. During FY21, the Company's gross profits enhanced to PKR 2.2bln (FY20: PKR 1.8bln). Hence, the net profitability clocked in at PKR 1,074mln (FY20: PKR 839mln), up by 27% YoY.

Margins The Company's gross margins were stagnant at 14.0% (FY20: 14.1%). Despite an increase in distribution expenses in FY21, the Company's operating margin showed a slight increase to 8.6% (FY20: 8.2%). The Company recorded an increase of 34.6% in finance cost attributable to an increase in borrowing. As a result, the net margin surged to 6.8% as compared to 6.5% in FY20.

Sustainability The Company is planning to incur CAPEX to enhance its production capacity in both weaving and spinning segments. In both spinning and weaving segments. The major overhaul will enhance the production capacity along with efficiency where the planned project will be financed through a mix of internal and external sources.

## Financial Risk

Working Capital During FY21, the Company's net working capital cycle days decreased to 60days (FY20: 83days) on account of a decrease in inventory days of 22days (FY20: 27days) and average receivable days of 66days (FY20: 80days). Kassim Textiles's net trade assets showed a slight increase of 1.4% and stood at PKR 4,304mln (FY20: PKR 4,244mln) and its room to borrow for FY21 was 41% which shows an adequate cushion for further borrowing to finance net trade assets.

**Coverages** In FY21, Free Cash Flows from Operations (FCFO) significantly increased and were recorded at PKR 1,845mln (FY20: PKR 1,225mln). Consequently, Interest coverage inclined (FY21: 36.5x, FY20: 27.6x). Furthermore, the debt coverage ratio decreased and stood at 3x in FY20. Similarly, debt coverages also showed an upward trend and were recorded at 3.3x (FY20: 3.0x). Coverages continued to show improvement in FY21, a factor of strong cash flows due to significantly higher profitability.

Capitalization The capital structure of Kassim Textiles is low leveraged, with leveraging at 32.2% during FY21. Total borrowings witnessed an increase to PKR 3,278mln (FY20: PKR 2,116mln) to finance capacity expansion and increased working capital needs. Kassim Textile's borrowings comprise ~68% short-term debt and ~32% long-term borrowings during FY21.

**Kassim Textiles (Pvt.) Limited Rating Report** 



The Pakistan	Credit	Rating	Agency	Limited

The Fakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited			
Kassim Textiles (Private) Limited	Jun-21	Jun-20	Jun-19
Textile & Allied   Weaving	12M	12M	12M
Texate & Times   Westing	12111	12111	12111
A DAT ANCIE CHIEFE			
A BALANCE SHEET			
1 Non-Current Assets	2,291	2,117	1,656
2 Investments	12	15	17
3 Related Party Exposure	3,766	2,488	2,230
4 Current Assets	7,435	5,628	4,376
a Inventories	895	1,031	882
b Trade Receivables	2,892	2,803	2,796
5 Total Assets	13,504	10,248	8,279
6 Current Liabilities	2,142	1,458	1,187
a Trade Payables	1,488	944	775
7 Borrowings	3,278	2,116	1,082
8 Related Party Exposure	3,270	2,110	1,002
	1 104		-
9 Non-Current Liabilities	1,184	848	466
10 Net Assets	6,900	5,826	5,544
11 Shareholders' Equity	6,900	5,826	5,544
B INCOME STATEMENT			
1 Sales	15,751	12,800	13,648
a Cost of Good Sold	(13,540)	(11,001)	(11,819)
2 Gross Profit	2,211	1,800	1,829
a Operating Expenses	(856)	(752)	(746)
3 Operating Profit	1,355	1,048	1,083
a Non Operating Income or (Expense)	33	(4)	171
4 Profit or (Loss) before Interest and Tax			
	1,388	1,044	1,254
a Total Finance Cost	(140)	(104)	(94)
b Taxation	(174)	(109)	(108)
6 Net Income Or (Loss)	1,074	831	1,052
C CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
a Free Cash Flows from Operations (FCFO)	1,845	1,225	1,521
b Net Cash from Operating Activities before Working Capital Changes	1,710	1,133	1,434
c Changes in Working Capital	502	(46)	(1,681)
1 Net Cash provided by Operating Activities	2,212	1,087	(247)
2 Net Cash (Used in) or Available From Investing Activities	(641)	292	364
3 Net Cash (Used in) or Available From Financing Activities	428	605	25
4 Net Cash generated or (Used) during the period	1,999	1,984	142
4 Net Cash generated of (Osed) during the period	1,777	1,704	142
D RATIO ANALYSIS			
1 Performance			
a Sales Growth (for the period)	23.1%	-6.2%	12.6%
b Gross Profit Margin	14.0%	14.1%	13.4%
c Net Profit Margin	6.8%	6.5%	7.7%
d Cash Conversion Efficiency (FCFO adjusted for Working Capital/Sales)	14.9%	9.2%	-1.2%
e Return on Equity [ Net Profit Margin * Asset Turnover * (Total Assets/Shareholders' Equity )]	17.7%	15.8%	22.0%
2 Working Capital Management			
a Gross Working Capital (Average Days)	88	107	75
b Net Working Capital (Average Days)	60	83	55
	3.5	3.9	3.7
c Current Ratio (Current Assets / Current Liabilities)	3.3	3.7	3.1
3 Coverages			
a EBITDA / Finance Cost	43.5	34.1	73.8
b FCFO / Finance Cost+CMLTB+Excess STB	3.3	3.0	54.4
c Debt Payback (Total Borrowings+Excess STB) / (FCFO-Finance Cost)	0.6	0.7	0.0
4 Capital Structure		*'	
	22 20/	26.60/	16 20/
a Total Borrowings / (Total Borrowings+Shareholders' Equity)	32.2%	26.6%	16.3%
b Interest or Markup Payable (Days)	0.0	0.0	0.0
c Entity Average Borrowing Rate	1.8%	2.8%	2.1%



#### **Credit Rating**

Credit rating reflects forward-looking opinion on credit worthiness of underlying entity or instrument; more specifically it covers relative ability to honor financial obligations. The primary factor being captured on the rating scale is relative likelihood of default.

	mancial obligations. The primary factor being captured on the rating scale
G 1	Long-term Rating
Scale	Definition
AAA	<b>Highest credit quality.</b> Lowest expectation of credit risk. Indicate exceptionally strong capacity for timely payment of financial commitments
AA+	
AA	Very high credit quality. Very low expectation of credit risk. Indicate very strong capacity for timely payment of financial commitments. This capacity is not significantly vulnerable to foreseeable events.
AA-	
<b>A</b> +	
	High credit quality. Low expectation of credit risk. The capacity for timely payment of financial commitments is considered strong. This capacity may, nevertheless, be vulnerable to changes in circumstances or in economic conditions.
<b>A-</b>	
BBB+	
BBB	Good credit quality. Currently a low expectation of credit risk. The capacity for timely payment of financial commitments is considered adequate, but adverse changes in circumstances and in economic conditions are more likely to impair this capacity.
BBB-	
BB+	Moderate risk. Possibility of credit risk developing. There is a possibility of credit risk
ВВ	developing, particularly as a result of adverse economic or business changes over time; however, business or financial alternatives may be available to allow financial commitments to be met.
BB-	communents to be met.
B+	
В	<b>High credit risk.</b> A limited margin of safety remains against credit risk. Financial commitments are currently being met; however, capacity for continued payment is contingent upon a sustained, favorable business and economic environment.
В-	
CCC	Y III WALL GLASSIA TO THE COMPANY OF
CC	Very high credit risk. Substantial credit risk "CCC" Default is a real possibility. Capacity for meeting financial commitments is solely reliant upon sustained, favorable business or economic developments. "CC" Rating indicates that default of some kind
$\mathbf{C}$	appears probable. "C" Ratings signal imminent default.
D	Obligations are currently in default.

**Short-term Rating** Definition Scale The highest capacity for timely repayment. **A1**+ A strong capacity for timely A<sub>1</sub> repayment. A satisfactory capacity for timely repayment. This may be susceptible to **A2** adverse changes in business, economic, or financial conditions An adequate capacity for timely repayment. **A3** Such capacity is susceptible to adverse changes in business, economic, or financial The capacity for timely repayment is more susceptible to adverse changes in business, economic, or financial conditions. Liquidity

may not be sufficient. **Short-term Rating A1 A2** AAA AA+ $\mathbf{A}\mathbf{A}$ AA-Long-term Rating A BBB+ **BBB** BBB-BB+ $\mathbf{R}\mathbf{R}$ BB- $\mathbf{R}_{\pm}$ В B-CCC CC

\*The correlation shown is indicative and, in certain cases, may not hold.

Outlook (Stable, Positive, Negative, Developing) Indicates the potential and direction of a rating over the intermediate term in response to trends in economic and/or fundamental business/financial conditions. It is not necessarily a precursor to a rating change. 'Stable' outlook means a rating is not likely to change. 'Positive' means it may be raised. 'Negative' means it may be lowered. Where the trends have conflicting elements, the outlook may be described as 'Developing'.

Rating Watch Alerts to the possibility of a rating change subsequent to, or, in anticipation of some material identifiable event with indeterminable rating implications. But it does not mean that a rating change is inevitable. A watch should be resolved within foreseeable future, but may continue if underlying circumstances are not settled. Rating watch may accompany rating outlook of the respective opinion.

Suspension It is not possible to update an opinion due to lack of requisite information. Opinion should be resumed in foreseeable future. However, if this does not happen within six (6) months, the rating should be considered withdrawn.

Withdrawn A rating is withdrawn on a) termination of rating mandate, b) the debt instrument is redeemed, c) the rating remains suspended for six months, d) the entity/issuer defaults., or/and e) PACRA finds it impractical to surveill the opinion due to lack of requisite information.

Harmonization A change in rating due to revision in applicable methodology or underlying scale.

Surveillance. Surveillance on a publicly disseminated rating opinion is carried out on an ongoing basis till it is formally suspended or withdrawn. A comprehensive surveillance of rating opinion is carried out at least once every six months. However, a rating opinion may be reviewed in the intervening period if it is necessitated by any material happening.

**Note.** This scale is applicable to the following methodology(s):

## Entities

- a) Broker Entity Rating
- b) Corporate Rating
- c) Financial Institution Rating
- d) Holding Company Rating
- e) Independent Power Producer Rating
- Microfinance Institution Rating
- g) Non-Banking Finance Companies
- (NBFCs) Rating

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## Instruments

- a) Basel III Compliant Debt Instrument Rating
- b) Debt Instrument Rating
- c) Sukuk Rating

## **Regulatory and Supplementary Disclosure**

(Credit Rating Companies Regulations, 2016)

#### **Rating Team Statements**

(1) Rating is just an opinion about the creditworthiness of the entity and does not constitute recommendation to buy, hold or sell any security of the entity rated or to buy, hold or sell the security rated, as the case may be | Chapter III; 14-3-(x)

#### 2) Conflict of Interest

- i. The Rating Team or any of their family members have no interest in this rating | Chapter III; 12-2-(j)
- ii. PACRA, the analysts involved in the rating process and members of its rating committee, and their family members, do not have any conflict of interest relating to the rating done by them | Chapter III; 12-2-(e) & (k)
- iii. The analyst is not a substantial shareholder of the customer being rated by PACRA [Annexure F; d-(ii)] Explanation: for the purpose of above clause, the term "family members" shall include only those family members who are dependent on the analyst and members of the rating committee

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- (4) PACRA does not disclose or discuss with outside parties or make improper use of the non-public information which has come to its knowledge during business relationship with the customer | Chapter III; 10-7-(d)
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- (6) PACRA fulfills its obligations in a fair, efficient, transparent and ethical manner and renders high standards of services in performing its functions and obligations; | Chapter III; 11-A-(a)
- (7) PACRA uses due care in preparation of this Rating Report. Our information has been obtained from sources we consider to be reliable but its accuracy or completeness is not guaranteed. PACRA does not, in every instance, independently verifies or validates information received in the rating process or in preparing this Rating Report.
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- (12) PACRA receives compensation from the entity being rated or any third party for the rating services it offers. The receipt of this compensation has no influence on PACRA's opinions or other analytical processes. In all instances, PACRA is committed to preserving the objectivity, integrity and independence of its ratings. Our relationship is governed by two distinct mandates i) rating mandate signed with the entity being rated or issuer of the debt instrument, and fee mandate signed with the payer, which can be different from the entity
- (13) PACRA does not provide consultancy/advisory services or other services to any of its customers or to any of its customers' associated companies and associated undertakings that is being rated or has been rated by it during the preceding three years unless it has adequate mechanism in place ensuring that provision of such services does not lead to a conflict of interest situation with its rating activities; | Chapter III; 12-2-(d)
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- (15) PACRA ensures that the rating assigned to an entity or instrument is not be affected by the existence of a business relationship between PACRA and the entity or any other party, or the non-existence of such a relationship | Chapter III; 12-2-(i)
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## Monitoring and review

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- (19) PACRA reviews all the outstanding ratings on semi-annual basis or as and when required by any creditor or upon the occurrence of such an event which requires to do so; | Chapter III | 18-(b)
- (20) PACRA initiates immediate review of the outstanding rating upon becoming aware of any information that may reasonably be expected to result in downgrading of the rating; | Chapter III | 18-(c)
- (21) PACRA engages with the issuer and the debt securities trustee, to remain updated on all information pertaining to the rating of the entity/instrument; | Chapter III | 18-(d)

## **Probability of Default**

(22) PACRA's Rating Scale reflects the expectation of credit risk. The highest rating has the lowest relative likelihood of default (i.e, probability). PACRA's transition studies capture the historical performance behavior of a specific rating notch. Transition behavior of the assigned rating can be obtained from PACRA's Transition Study available at our website. (www.pacra.com). However, actual transition of rating may not follow the pattern observed in the past | Chapter III | 14-(f-VII)

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